1	STATE OF MICHIGAN
2	COUNTY OF OTTAWA
3	
4	IN RE: BRIDLEWOOD SOUTH DRAIN
5	BOARD OF DETERMINATION
6	
7	
8	Proceedings commenced on Wednesday, July 6, 2022, at
9	the Jamestown Township Offices, 2380 Riley Street,
10	Hudsonville, Michigan, held before Marjorie A. Covey,
11	CSR-2616, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public.
12	(PROCEEDINGS TYPED FROM RECORDING.)
13	
14	APPEARANCES:
15	Mr. Joe Bush, Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner Mr. Josiah Timmermans, Chief Deputy to Water Resources Comm.
16	Ms. Marie Snyder, Secretary
17	Mr. Rich VanderKlok, Board Chairman
18	Mr. Ken Souter, Board Secretary Mr. Bill Cargo, Board Member
19	MI. BIII Cargo, Board Member
20	Mr. Paul Forton, P.E., Spicer Group Mr. Noah Szott, P.E., Spicer Group
21	Mr. Nouir B20cc, 1.11., Spicer Group
22	Mr. Josh Westgate, Wright Township Supervisor
23	Mr. Jerry Olman, Ottawa County Road Commission
24	
25	

1	Hudsonville, Michigan
2	July 6, 2022
3	PROCEEDINGS
4	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Well again, I
5	apologize for being past the 11 o'clock start, but I wanted
6	to make sure everybody was heard, being that was a neighbor's
7	area, another watershed.
8	I'm Joe Bush, the Ottawa County Water Resources
9	Commissioner, for the people who didn't hear me on the first
10	BOD.
11	We're here because we received a few petitions.
12	And this one is for the Bridlewood South Drain. Again the
13	petition came in because of some concerns in another
14	watershed, next door to the one that we just had a Board of
15	Determination on.
16	And when we get a petition, one of the first things
17	we do is hold a Board of Determination, and then I appoint a
18	three-panel Board that we have before you this morning.
19	And when I appoint a three-panel Board, again,
20	these gentlemen are their job today is not to figure out a
21	cost or project. They figure out, does it need to move
22	forward under my jurisdiction, to have a project.
23	So I'm not either in favor of or not in favor of,
24	because, again, they make that determination.
25	When it comes to maintenance limits, we heard about

this earlier. When it's maintenance, it's 5,000 per mile, 1 2 per year, per drain. I don't get free money that's just 3 willing to do that. It's still an assessment whether it 4 comes from the township 100 percent, or the county road 5 commission, or the county me, somebody is paying for it. 6 It could be a special assessment if the township 7 says we don't want to cover that along with the road commission and the county. 8 9 With that being said, so when people think, oh, there is \$5,000, you got a 20-year development, that means 10 11 there is a hundred grand in this thing, or whatever, that's 12 not true. It's only 5,000 per year, per mile, per drain and 13 I have a thousand of these county drains. 14 So it's a lot of undertaking on trying to figure it 15 But again, that's Drain Code, that's the maximum out. 16 amount. 17 Without a resolution, I know Paul hit on that 18 earlier, or a petition, again, so we'll get back to why we're 19 here today because we have a petition on both of these 2.0 watersheds, or drain districts, for a possible project. 21 So again I want everybody to understand to please 22 give testimony, whether you're in favor of, have a problem, 23 or not in favor of.

These Board members have not been out there.

don't know location except from the previous Board of

24

25

They

Determination. They have a little idea of what's going on out there now.

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But prior to today they were not called, emailed, they don't know what Paul is going to be talking about, his engineer's presentation.

Again, everything is preliminary with the engineer. We haven't done a full-scale project cost or project -- we don't even know the issues, that's why we hold the public testimony.

Everything is court recorded. Our court reporter is virtual today but she is -- these will be available usually about four to six weeks after today's hearing.

People in the association, I know Facebook is alive and well, and you guys have your own private groups and a lot of messages have been going across, which is good, a lot of good information, but make sure it's accurate.

So people are talking about large assessments and the projects and we haven't gotten that far yet. This Board will determine, for the people that saw the last Board, it got turned down.

So it's not like -- they're hearing testimony from you guys, not me or the engineer. We just try and help inform, but they're the ones that make the decision.

With that being said, I know there is some issues over there. I know Paul has been out there. I know my drain

inspector Chris Machiela has been out there.

2.0

We looked at a few things in order to solve some of these issues that people were talking about was way over the maintenance limit, so that's when a petition comes in. When a petition comes in, I have so many days to hold a determination.

Then I appoint a three-panel Board that don't have any affiliation with the township board, Jamestown Township. They don't own properties as far as this township in this location. So they're here to make a decision based on testimony.

With that being said, when I appoint a three-panel Board, this is all by Drain Code, I pick people who have been doing these boards for a long time. These three gentlemen have been doing this a long time.

I got elected in 2013, most of them have been doing BODs since I've been elected. They understand Drain Code. They understand their purpose today. And they understand how to run a meeting, because most of them have been involved in these situations for their previous job or their current job. They understand what their job and their task is today.

With that being said, I'll go ahead and do introductions.

We do have Spicer Group, Paul Forton one of the P.E.s, we have Noah over there.

We have my staff, Marie in the yellow dress, walking around, that's my secretary. And we have my chief deputy standing here in the center for people to sign in under the Bridlewood South Board of Determination meeting.

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And then we have Josh Westgate. He is your deputy supervisor for Jamestown Township. And then we also have Jerry Olman from the Ottawa County Road Commission, he's here today too.

With that being said, I think most people heard the previous meeting, and then that outcome. Probably heard a lot of the presentation because again we went over, and I apologize for that, but it happens. I want to make sure you guys get enough time too. Take as long as you want because we're here to hear you guy's testimony and issues.

So at this time I think I got it all.

Gentlemen, please rise, and I'll go ahead and give you the oath and then you will take over the meeting from here.

Gentlemen, please raise your right hand.

Do you each solemnly swear that you will faithfully perform and discharge the duties imposed upon you, as required by law, as members of the Board of Determination, appointed by the Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner, to determine the necessity to maintain and improve the Bridlewood South Drain, located in Jamestown Township, in

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said county, gentlemen?
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 2
               (All replied, "I will.")
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               WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Thank you.
               BOARD MEMBER RICH VANDER KLOK: Our first order of
 4
 5
     business is the election of a chairperson.
 6
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll make a motion that
 7
    Rich serve as chairman.
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Second and support.
 8
9
               BOARD MEMBER RICH VANDER KLOK: Motion has been
10
     made and supported that Rich VanderKlok serve as chair.
11
               All those in favor, say aye.
12
               (All replied, "Aye.")
13
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: And then we have a
14
    motion for secretary.
15
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I'll make a motion that
16
    Ken be named as the secretary for this Board of
    Determination.
17
18
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK:
                                               I'll support that.
19
               Moved and supported that Ken Souter be the
2.0
     secretary.
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               All those in favor, say aye.
22
               (All replied, "Aye.")
23
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: That is also
2.4
     approved.
25
               And then the rules of public comment, and that will
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1	be I'll make a motion that public comment be limited to three
2	minutes per person, if they want to speak.
3	And is that supported?
4	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Supported.
5	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Moved and supported
6	that public comment be limited to three minutes per person.
7	All those in favor, say aye.
8	(All replied, "Aye.")
9	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Carried.
10	Then we've already talked about the role and
11	function of the Board, Joe Bush has mentioned that, the
12	procedural history.
13	And then I'm going to turn it over to Paul to give
14	an engineer report.
15	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent. Thank you, Rich.
16	In a little bit of a fun spot because we've already
17	covered a lot of ground in the previous presentation, but I
18	also understand that many of you weren't here right at 11
19	o'clock. So there might still be some questions.
20	I will try to address those as quickly as I can for
21	the sake of time because we are behind.
22	But we'll be able to go a little bit faster, things
23	like location. You guys already know where we're going to
24	be.
25	And so we'll talk about the location, the

background, and history, and the statistics. We'll look at that drainage district boundary again for those folks in the room.

2.0

We do have some photographs we've taken of the system. We can talk about some observations that we made based on our inspection, and then talk about next steps.

As Joe mentioned, we have not done a thorough engineering design study and report of this. We've simply done a windshield tour. You folks live there. So if you know something I don't, please address it in public comment. That would be fantastic.

Some of the other things that are extremely important for us, I'm aware of saturated surface conditions, saturated sod, wet areas.

I've heard tell of basements that have flooded. I would like to confirm that, if your basement has flooded or if you know of someone's basement that has flooded. That would be helpful.

In that though, it's very important to know whether it was surface water, like the water ponded up in my yard and it came through my slider or it came through a walkout; or did you have a downspout gutter that slipped off and made your basement wet; or maybe a sump pump that failed.

As an engineer, you know, one of the most important questions to answer is if a basement flooded, why? Did it

come up through the cracks? Or did it come through an opening.

2.0

So as we get into the public comments, we can't fix what we don't know. So please feel free to address your comments during public comment.

As far as the location, just for everybody that's here probably lives there so they know, Board, we're just south of the drainage district we looked at earlier this morning. Much like the Bridlewood Drain, this was a 433 Agreement that was established through the development of the neighborhood.

Bridlewood South, in this particular area, was 2002, and then several phases in the years afterward.

The watershed is about 35 acres as it sits today. There is 57 parcels or so, so 57 landowners within this particular watershed.

And the length of the drain, as you add up the pipes, is about 1.6 miles.

So as Joe talked about maintenance, it rounds up so there would be two maintenance miles available to do maintenance out there. So the maximum that Joe could spend, at least the way the law is written at this time, would be \$10,000 under maintenance without the need of a petition.

And then the land use, that just refers to how is the land being used today. It's a neighborhood, so it's all

residential, with a little bit of green space mixed in.

2.0

The picture that you see here is the current drainage district boundary, as it was drafted by the developer for the 433 Agreement.

As we talked about this morning, here are some flow arrows that we can slap on there. In general, the system drains from the northeast corner to the southwest corner.

There are areas that we identified during our inspection, specifically on Stable Drive, where we can see that the storm sewer was installed to actually take that water north into Bridlewood, we covered that a little this morning.

So if this were a boundary that we wanted to clean up, and have it not be based on the 433 Agreement, or the development boundary, we would look at LiDAR data and the storm sewer information here, and make a determination on what the watershed boundary would be.

That watershed boundary is really important. So for those that weren't here this morning, that watershed boundary is what the drain office uses to determine the special assessment.

So that watershed boundary can be called a special assessment district, again I'm referring to it as a watershed boundary. But in general, when it rains, any water that falls inside of that zone, that drains through the systems in

the pipes to this basin in the southwest corner, and then out, those would be the folks that would have what we call derived benefit to any improvements or work that is done on this drain.

2.0

There have been a lot of questions about, well if I don't have an issue, but I'm in that district, do I have to pay for work that's done? Yes. You're all in one watershed, and that's the means and the mechanism that Joe's office has to generate a special assessment district, to bring in the funds for maintenance and improvement of this drain.

It's always fun to do two of these back to back because it's like, what have I said in the previous presentation, and what am I missing now that would be pertinent to you folks. So please do feel free to ask questions during public comments because I want to make sure everybody has a solid understanding what we're doing here.

Board, for your benefit, we talked about a lot of basins before. I've got some photos of the basin here, but there is primarily one basin.

There is a couple different flow paths and drainage areas, but you've got sheet flow that comes down through this area here. You got a little bit of a linear wetland here before it crosses the road and gets to the other side.

In the southwest corner, for Margie's benefit if she's still on there, there is a basin here that's used to

store water and release it slowly. So the primary outlet and the primary basin is primarily here in the southwest corner.

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We spent a lot of time this morning talking about the green space in the middle area here. And while I'm on that note, the bulk of the complaints we received in going out to do the inspections, and the primary purpose of the petition being circulated is related to saturated soils in the south end of that basin.

And I'm going to correct that and say primarily the south end of that basin, but as I walked across it when we inspected it, the whole area is juicy at times, saturated sod. You can stand on it and jump on it and it brings the water right up to the top, and it's very, very wet. So that holds true for the entire green space here.

I would imagine after the dry spell we've had and a little bit of a lack of rain, we're primarily in that one-and-a-half month window where areas of this might actually be dry and mow-able. In talking to landowners, it sounds like July and the middle of August is about the only time this really dries out. Other than that, it's extremely saturated for most of the year.

Moving on into some of the photos, again, for those that weren't with us this morning, I got a location map in the lower left-hand corner. It's that same overview map, and you can watch the red star to see where the photo was taken.

I realize it's a little bit small, but it gives you at least an idea as to where the photos were taken.

2.0

This particular photo is the outlet structure to that basin in the southwest corner. So again, all the water bleeds into this basin, and then it's released through this structure going out to a natural water course to the west.

No debris, looks pretty good, functional at this time.

This particular photo is of the same basin in the southwest corner of the neighborhood, and it just gives you an idea of how that basin looks. You'll notice that there is some cattails there. We do have some trees that are starting to form, some woody debris, just something to watch.

And one of the main maintenance issues, people say, what is drain maintenance? How do you maintenance on a drain?

Well if the pipe is plugged with either cattails or sticks and what not, getting that removed, much like the rocks we talked about this morning in the Bridlewood subdivision, getting that impediment out of the way. That's what we typically do when it comes to drain maintenance. If there is a hole in a pipe, we would look to fix that, but usually there is a sink hole present or something to that effect.

So when we talk about maintenance, it's fixing, pipes, it's removing obstructions, and keeping the water

flowing properly.

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Moving on, this is a picture of the area on kind of the northeast side of Saddlehorn that I mentioned, where you have the rear lot drainage coming down through the cattails there, and then entering a pipe and crossing the road before it enters the actual storage basin that's utilized in the neighborhood.

This particular photo now, we are in that green space area, and this is kind of what I would call that southwest corner of the green space. There is an existing catch basin there, and there is storm sewer on the western edge of this area.

And so we've got another photo that we've taken of this structure that we'll look at here in a minute, but there is infrastructure that is supposed to drain that rear lot area.

In general, the ground slopes to this location.

It's a little flat, but like we talked about this morning, at least it's concave and can get here for the most part. It's not convex like the pond on the east side where that's actually a pond.

But there are areas that don't have positive drainage or slope to this spot. So there are a few isolated spots where when it rains, that water will just sit there unless it infiltrates or evaporates. Those are the only two

options.

2.0

So this is a photo of that same catch basin now looking straight down on it. And one of the things I want to point out is all of the little four-inch tiles that are brought in here. This is a pretty challenging set of circumstances here because as you look at this, they're all extremely shallow.

Going back to the previous photo, the ground slopes in general up a little bit, but not very much. So these four-inch pipes have very little cover, very little dirt on top of them. That makes them very susceptible to be plugged with roots, even from sod when they're this shallow, and plug off the slots that allow for that drainage that we hope to achieve.

We're not here to talk about solutions or fixes, but one of the things that I would recommend, if they could be brought into the basin deeper, and reinstalled, most of these are downspout gutters that are hooked to this, or sump pump outlets, or both.

This photo was taken yesterday, and I know that water was flowing through at least two or three of those, trickling through. Again, we did have some rain on the 4th, and some sprinkles this morning, depending on what cloud you were under, but in general it's been fairly dry. So these photos are fairly fresh.

As we looked in that catch basin, one of the things we always look for is the storm sewers going out of it. And when we looked at that -- the reason we look at that is if the pipe is full going out, and no water is going, that indicates that there is an issue.

2.0

In this case, there didn't appear to be an issue.

The water that's getting into the basin is going away through the hill and leaving through the storm sewer system.

This particular photo here is in the southeast corner of the same green area. So we're a few hundred feet east of the catch basin where we were.

I apologize, I can't use a pointer, it doesn't work on a TV screen.

But in general, this particular photo is, again, east of the outlet. There is no storm sewer here, there is no county drain here. There is a little pocket you can see by the cattails that catches water, and it just sits and saturates, and it can't go away. So this is one of the isolated pockets where the water is stuck there.

Many folks, via Facebook, and then also some of the comments we received this morning, "that's a private landowner issue, just fix it yourself. I've spent thousands of dollars fixing my own problem, why should I spend dollars to fix somebody else's"?

And, guys, I don't have a dog in this fight. I

understand everybody's side of this, okay?

2.0

This particular area though does not have a public outlet. If you wanted to drain that spot, you'd have to work with either the homeowner's association or the neighbors to get permission to put in a pipe in order to drain this. So this particular spot is a little bit, one of the more challenging spots based on our inspection.

So, again, we've got some diminished functionality of the detention basins. When you see the vegetation that's growing there and the trees, you are losing some storage volume; but in general, not a lot. Those plants do provide a benefit because there is filtration through those, and also nutrient uptake and things like that. But in excess, they can become a problem.

Do we have major issues out there? Not really. The outlet is functioning properly, the basin looks okay.

Again, correct me if I'm wrong, folks, because you live there, we're just doing a windshield tour as we went through here.

The second bullet there, saturated yard areas, that seems to me to be the main point of concern for the residents that we talked to. That sod just stays saturated and it won't dry out.

And it's not just in areas that are flat. There are areas that -- some of the homes have walkout basins. If

you're familiar -- you guys are familiar with building. When you build a walkout basin, typically there is a slope alongside of that home that leads up to the road. It's not just saturated down on the flat and down near the green space, it's saturated up on the slopes too.

2.0

So when we're up six or eight feet above that flat, and from here to the wall away, in my experience -- we didn't walk in everybody's yards because I don't want to meet everybody's dog, but in general, we were still seeing that saturated zone up high.

And again, like we talked about this morning, if you weren't here, when they developed these neighborhoods, many times they strip the topsoil off, shape the clay, get it propped for the roads, sewer and what not, and then place that topsoil back on top of that clay, and have it graded out hopefully to drain.

In your particular neighborhood, you're sitting on some very, very hard clay, hard clay. So when you got that clay layer underneath that topsoil, that water can't infiltrate.

The folks that live on pure sand have the opposite problems where as soon as it rains, that water wicks right away and it disappears. And then everywhere else in Michigan we have the loamy mix. But in this particular area we got a lot of hard clay which leads to those saturated yard areas.

Again, we have heard reports of flooding and issues of standing water in this particular neighborhood. We have not surveyed this, so I cannot tell you what we have for even pipe diameters and sizes, and whether there is an issue or not.

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Again, from public comment, I would love to hear, how long does the water sit? Does that surface water sit there for five days over the top of the structure that's supposed to carry that water away? Or is it there for five hours? Is the system functioning or not?

From an outsider coming in on a windshield tour, it looks like it's functioning pretty well. It looks like saturated yards are the main concern. But again, I'd like to hear more about that because I was not able to go out there after, say, a four or five-inch rain and see how the system behaved, so we're going to rely on public comments for that.

So next steps, if the project is found not necessary -- so again, the gentlemen here are not here -- again this is based on a lot of comments we received on Facebook and a lot of different thing, so I'll touch briefly on these and let you guys do your things.

They're not here to decide the scope of the project. They're not here to decide how much money it's going to cost. They're not here to decide who is going to pay how much and why. They're simply here to decide whether

something needs to be done or not.

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And I know Joe touched on this, but it's important to note that that's their role. The role and function of the Board is is it necessary or is it not.

If they determine that it's not necessary, then there will be no large scale project. There might still be maintenance done on the system under the maintenance limits, but there would be no large scale project.

And then the law requires that the drain office needs to wait for a period of one year before receiving a new petition on the Bridlewood South Drain.

If it is found necessary, then we can dive into looking into the issues that we hear about today. Typically that means surveying the system. So we would send a survey crew out to get elevation data and document what's out there.

We would then work toward a design. If we needed easements or property acquisition in order to achieve the goals, we would try to get easements from folks.

This is a situation where we can't just put a pipe where we want to, we need to get easements there first.

Whether it's a homeowner's association or a private landowner, we can't just go in and put a pipe where we'd like to. We need to get permission to do that.

That typically takes a significant amount of time to work through, because easements tend to be one of our

larger challenges.

2.0

Permitting does also, if we get into a situation where we need a permit from the state, that could add some time. Really looking at this watershed, I don't anticipate that being an issue.

Then we get into biding, and then we finally get into a Day of Review. So if you've tuned me out until now, this is where you really want to pay attention, right?

Everybody wants to know how much this is going to cost them, what's the bottom line. And that Day of Review is a Day of Review where you can come in and review your assessment.

Since we've bid the job, and we know how much construction is going to be, we know how much engineering was, if there was any legal involved, and Joe's staff, all of those are tabulated into a computation of cost. We know the total number, and we know how much the county is going to pay, the township is going to pay, and how much will be left on the residents.

So if the only thing that you hear me say is, if it's found necessary, look for a notice of that. You'll receive a notice in the mail of a Day of Review of Apportionment, you might want to pay attention to that.

You don't necessarily have to come in. Actually the way the law is written now, this changed a few years ago, the value of your assessment will be on that notice, so that

will be described. If you have questions, you can call.

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But that Day of Review does allow you to come in and review that assessment in person too, if you'd like to do that.

From there there is an appeal process. I'm not a lawyer, so I'm not going to play one on TV. But if you feel aggrieved by your assessment, and you don't think it's fair, you can appeal, I believe it's within ten days of that Day of Review, and then it can be heard by a review board.

Once that process is complete, then we can finally move to construction.

You know, as far as setting expectations, given that we're probably going to need easements to solve any of the issues that we've identified so far, guys, we're a year or two out from shovel into the dirt, at least. If it's found necessary, just mentally plan on that.

And so if you got drainage issues on your property, don't -- Joe is not going to be able to come in riding on a white stallion and fix it by the end of this year. This process takes time. We're the government, we have the law to follow, and it's a pretty arduous process to give folks a chance to appeal and to be transparent on what's going on.

I don't believe I've missed any of the hot topics.

Joe already touched on the one that it's not paid purely by
the county. I know some maintenance in other districts,

sometimes the county and township do pay a hundred percent at large. If this is a petition project, more likely than not, they'll pay a portion, but the landowners will be paying a portion as well.

Again, it will be based on that special assessment district line. If the project is found necessary, that will be a line that would be improved with our modern data. We got better elevation data than we did in 2001. I shouldn't say we, I should say they, because we didn't setup this initial boundary, but we got better data now so we can set that up to be accurate to how the lay of the land is today.

And with that, I guess if there is any questions from the Board, I'd be willing to entertain those, and then we'll probably get into a public comment.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you.

Board?

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BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: My only question I've got is that picture that you showed that there is nine different drains coming into one catch basin on top, those are run all across private property? Or are those in some type of easement that is already established?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent question. So those are all private drains. Again, from a visual observation, most of those are going towards homes and collect the downspout gutters. Most of the downspout gutters

come down and connect to a four-inch tile, and they would 1 2 then lead out to this and spill in right at the rim of the structure, not down below, but right here in the rim that you 3 4 can see. 5 So that is all private infrastructure, all on 6 private property. The only exception to that might be if 7 some traverse the green space, and I believe that's owned by the homeowner's association, if I'm not mistaken. 8 9 So there might be -- there is no public property or no easement that those are in, unless they happen to be in 10 11 the drain easement that is setup for the drainage pipe 12 leading away from this to the west. 13 So there might be some overlap in our easement, but 14 in general, all these four inches are private. 15 Other questions? 16 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Bill? 17 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: No. 18 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Then I'll 19 open it up for public comment. 2.0 If you'd like to make a comment, we ask that you 2.1 come to the podium and give us your name and address, and 22 tell us if you have property in the district, or if you live 23 in the district, or have property in the district. 24 And the reason we're asking you to come to the

podium is because we're doing this virtually, and it's being

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recorded with our court clerk -- reporter, rather. 1 2 So if you have a comment, I'll start in the back If you have a comment, come forward and give us your 3 4 name. 5 Anyone in the back row there? 6 Okav. Then over here? Yes. 7 MS. SARAH FEENSTRA: Hello, I'm Sarah Feenstra. 8 And I live at 4374 Saddlehorn. So I was -- my backyard was 9 actually one of the pictures. I'm in the corner around the 10 curve. I have an odd shape -- I have -- you probably met my 11 dog. Yep. (Inaudible.) 12 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: 13 MS. SARAH FEENSTRA: I'm right there. So we've all 14 actually been in the neighborhood for about a 15 year-and-a-half. And when we did purchase the house, we did 16 notice that it was saturated as well. 17 But, again, when we did our research, it's the clay base issue. We're on a hill. We have the cattails all 18 19 around us. We have great drainage but it is that clay. 2.0 We haven't had water in our basement, just an 2.1 inconvenience that we have had to deal with, which we've had 22 in other homes that we've lived in other neighborhoods. 23 It's just the area that we live in, it's just very 24 hard clay. We just know that after a good rain, we have 25 teenagers, but they'll hang out in the front yard. And when

I talk to other neighbors, it's just the way it is. Others have adjusted their landscaping throughout the street there.

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We've all had to adjust. It's just the way it is in this area in West Michigan. Clay is very common.

And I think too, we have -- I mean I'm surrounded by great drainage and I'm high up, but I still have areas that are saturated, like you said. We've adjusted our sprinkler system to make it beneficial so we can try to do the best we can.

But we've been -- we have lots of friends in this neighborhood, and that's why we chose to move here, and they've all kind of said it, that they've all dealt with it.

I know some of the people that are concerned, just giving that advice of adjusting your sprinklers, having the kids play in the front yard after a wet rain. But that's just the way it is in this area, and I'm really against any kind of big project that's going to impact the whole neighborhood, when we're all kind of adjusting and making those adjustments.

I know some people have, again, changed their landscaping, or added more drainage tiles, but we've all -- it's one project to help a few people, is going to make a huge financial burden on everyone. But we're all dealing with it because it's a clay-based issue.

I'm not an engineer, that's not my expertise. But

the research I've done, and knowing the experience that when 1 2 we lived in Grand Rapids we had clay. And I had that as a 3 little girl we couldn't play in the backyard after it rained. 4 So I'm just against it right now, especially with 5 how the economy is right now. It's just not a financial that 6 us Jamestown families can handle. 7 And any advice that's just general, like, hey, during these months, cut back on your sprinkling. Or, hey, 8 9 there are products. 10 But any type of big assessments that's going to be 11 financially burdening, when we're already adjusting, and it's 12 just the clay issue. 13 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you. 14 MS. SARAH FEENSTRA: Any questions on my property 15 since I know it's unique? 16 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Any surface flooding or does 17 the water seem to go through the cattails and go away? MS. SARAH FEENSTRA: Yeah. And like I said, there 18 19 is just a little section that's wet. 2.0 And also, because of the sun, my front yard doesn't have it because of the sun, and I wish I had more. 21 22 We get a lot of algae in the back on the siding 23 because it is a shaded area, so you're not going to get that 24 evaporated, because it does face an area that gets less sun. 25 So you're not going to get that evaporation because of the

clay sitting there.

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So my front yard doesn't have any issues because it has lots of sun. And same thing, my snow melts awesome because of the sun on the driveway.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you.

Anyone else in the back there?

MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: Matt Hollinrake, 4326 Saddlehorn, right on the east side of Sarah.

I understand the presentations mention that he doesn't see any problem. Is there standing water anywhere? Is there an area where -- it seems like you said I know you just drove by, but if anyone else would be one of the first to do it.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Great question. So we were out there in March, and then again yesterday. I was not out there yesterday, I know Noah was out there yesterday from our office.

But when I was out there in March, there were pockets of, I would say puddles. I wouldn't say pond, that's way too big. But there were definitely saturated zones that were so saturated -- the cattails from those photos, that had some standing water in it, but nothing on a large scale. Everything was mostly subsurface and saturated as you walked on it.

And I'm trying to think just off of memory, there

might have been some standing water in the ditch at the far 1 2 north, but not much. That seemed to be getting into the pipe 3 and going away. So limited at most. 4 MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: I guess my concern is if 5 everybody just has a damp yard after raining -- if the system 6 isn't working, then maybe it's something to look at. But if 7 it's just a damp yard after a rain, and we live on clay, then I don't know that it's a drainage issue. 8 9 And I understand that you're going to determine if 10 that needs to be engineered to find out if it is. I guess 11 I'm with Sarah, and you'll hear the same thing, and we heard a lot in the first one is that people have just always dealt 12 13 with it. And there are people that have done maintenance 14 with their own yard with their downspouts and sprinkling, and 15 fixed their own problems. So to put that cost on everybody 16 else, I'm against it. 17 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. 18 gentleman? 19 MR. TODD CASTOR: So I just moved in a year or so 2.0 I live at 4323 Saddlehorn there. We're the first -ago. 2.1 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Your name, again, 22 sir? 23 MR. TODD CASTOR: Todd Castor. Sorry. 2.4 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you. MR. TODD CASTOR: 25 We're the first house right next

to 22nd, right there.

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And so first of all I would say that I'm against doing the major project. I would agree with what's already been said, etcetera.

I know that that drain -- I actually have more questions. That drain right behind our house there, there is not actually a drain. It's just dug, right? I mean there is not -- there is nothing under the ground?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Honestly, I'm not sure of the answer to that. Many time when we -- when the developers do a 433 Agreement, sometimes they'll establish centerline and it will be just swailed for open ditch or open drain drainage.

MR. TODD CASTOR: I'm pretty sure it is.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I would not be surprised if it was setup. It might just be -- many times the drain commissioners, I don't know about at that time, but certainly now, we do require rear lot drainage. And that's why a lot of times you see these long, skinny lots or what not across that to ensure drainage.

MR. TODD CASTOR: So my question is twofold. I know that last summer somebody came out and done some digging there to clean it out a little better, I don't know all the details on that. Somebody in the room might know more than I know on that one.

The real question is right across the street, we just saw in the last year twenty some houses get put in over there. If you went in my backyard, you'd see my backyard is a good six, eight, ten feet below the road level. And I see all these houses going in over there, and I'm just wondering how well that drainage is being done, which isn't on either one of these, because, in all honesty, last year, from September all the way through till probably March of this year, I had to tell my grand-kids you couldn't play in the backyard it was so muddy and so bad.

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Again, obviously clay, etcetera, I understand all those kind of things. I'm just curious about those two things.

Is that drain something that could just get dug out a little better, or cleaned out a little better or whatever to work better; and how in the heck is it that all those houses getting put in -- and I know there is probably another twenty houses getting put it right there across the street, along there, how well is that getting drained? Because that's all up higher than our houses down on Saddlehorn.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Board, would you like me to address some of those questions?

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Yes.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So the first question, yes, if we have established route and course from the plat, if

that's something that needs to be cleaned out or maintained, that is something you would have jurisdiction over.

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We would probably need to dive into the easements just to make sure everything is, I'll put the lawyer hat on, we want to make sure you have the right to do that.

But judging from what we're seeing here, that is an option.

MR. TODD CASTOR: It's all on the land that the electric lines go through.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Now in saying that, the platted easement is likely all on your side of the line.

Now whether it's actually constructed there or not, we don't know because we're -- we weren't there when they developed it. But in general there should be the ability to grade some of this.

I do see a swimming pool here, and depending on the landscaping that was done, that's something we would need to look at, but there are options for that.

Now regarding the development on the other side, I did not -- it's not my development, I didn't design it. I didn't even do the site plan review on that one.

But I do know from looking at some of that elevation data, the LiDAR data, it seems to me the front quarter to a third of that neighborhood would drain to the northeast corner and then go north through Bridlewood. The

back two-thirds to three-quarters of that, there is a natural 1 2 ravine that comes in behind Bridlewood that most likely 3 serves as the outlet for that. 4 Again, I don't know. I haven't looked at the 5 design, but there is really only two ways to take that water. 6 Most of it is likely going east, some of it may be going 7 west. 8 Now I say that, you know, you never know how a 9 developer had that designed. Many times it's to one pond and 10 then released slowly. So I could be wrong in that 11 assumption, but that's how the lay of the land is today. 12 This corner goes north, and then the back part goes 13 northeast. 14 MR. TODD CASTOR: So, yeah, just a little concerned 15 because of all the drainage across the street, and the fact 16 that we're all lower than they are over there. 17 So thank you. 18 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thanks. 19 End of the row? Anyone else in that row? 2.0 Go ahead, sure. MS. DEE JAKLINSKI: Dee Jaklinski, 4331 Saddlehorn. 2.1 22 I'm the second house from the corner. 23 My question is the drainage ditch, yep, on the 24 south side, the water used to flow really well. In the last 25 few years when we get a lot of rain, I will get 12 to 14

inches of water sitting in that drainage ditch in the back of the yard. I don't know why it isn't going away, but I need you guys to walk out, check the angle on it, do whatever it is you do and find out.

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I don't know if it needs servicing, cleaning, mowing, whatever, but something needs to be done. It might help me, and it might help Todd.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Good. Thank
9 you.

MR. JON BUSHEN: Jon Bushen, 4338 Saddlehorn. The other side of the street of those houses, the third house in the back of the hill there.

We've lived there for eight years. We've had some flooding in the backyard. We did put our own personal kind of drain tile in there to actually relieve some of that, but we still had flooding when the power went out. That gave us about an inch of water in our basement through our back slider, from the hill. But we also know there is a hill there that drains straight down.

Our neighbor also to the right of us also put in a separate pump last year to do her own maintenance to try to clean it out.

We do still have wet backyards, but I do believe it's because of the clay, I think some of the maintenance that could be done.

I cannot address the main space. So those that are 1 2 here that are in the main space, I know you guys are very wet 3 over there, and I cannot address that. 4 But I can address that no matter where we are in 5 that space, if we're off the hill, we're always going to have 6 drainage down there. So we put something in, but we still 7 have some drainage. 8 But you wanted to know about flooding, we did have 9 some flooding. We have a backup sump pump now, so that we 10 can avoid some of that. 11 But I would not be in favor of putting it on everyone in the neighborhood to fix this. I do think it is a 12 13 clay issue like many people have said. But I think some 14 maintenance around that area could be looked at to maybe 15 possibly look at why some of it is backing up. 16 Because when we do get rain, we probably will have 17 rain in the backyard for -- I mean if we get a good two, 18 three, four-hour rain, it will be two for two days. 19 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you. 2.0 Next row? 2.1 MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: Hi, thank you for doing this. 22 My name is Steve VanDyke, and I live at 4452 Saddlehorn, 23 which is in the circle. I'll let you point out where that

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Right here.

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is.

MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: Yes.

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ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I think we spoke on the phone, right here in the corner.

And that catch basin there is a photo of, just for clarity, was right here in the corner. And there is a storm sewer that proceeds along those rear lot lines right now and it terminates at a catch basin there at the top, just to get everybody up to speed.

MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: So I have a few comments.

One of them is on the circle, only those two or three houses that are there can actually drain into the drains. There isn't a drain for the circle for the other houses on the circle to drain into.

And so, as was shown, there is that lower north corner that is all cattails, that is actually a little lower behind -- yep. Nope. Not that one, it's actually that one right there. That whole area fills with water.

On the association land directly behind my house, there is -- the association 16 or 17 years ago put a French drain in that sits right on top of the county drain. And that's now the tile for that that has surfaced, and there is mice that have opened holes in that. That's starting to fail.

And so after -- it used to be before they put in that French drain, which is not really part of the county

drain, but drains over to it, it's one of those tiles that goes over into that, you know, octopus of -- with the holes. It used to be that that area would flood for several weeks and just have standing water for several weeks before the association put that French drain in.

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And that's starting to fail, and I feel that that is an issue for the county to look at because there is all that water that the homeowners in that circle put in, it all tries to flow over to this -- to this south corner. And it can't make it. The elevation and grade just doesn't support that water moving.

And so I have a picture that I took, sorry, awhile -- just this spring. And so, I don't know, is it okay if I walk up?

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Sure.

MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: So this is where the drain is over here. And this the is the play set that's actually on the association property (inaudible), and that's actually a different one I was going to show. Sorry about that.

And so this water is starting to stand now and just sits there. In fact, there is, in this area, all these houses along this area, they all have their downspouts going into that open area, and it just has no way to flow because there is no way for them to connect too. So it just flows, it doesn't flow appropriately, and it just sits.

And then, so that I'm on the recording, then there 1 2 is another -- there is another video that I will show. 3 this is that same area, as it sits. And it just --4 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: The water is running. 5 MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: The water is running and there 6 is a tile, and you can see one of those tiles is the tile 7 that kind of goes through. That French drain that goes over to that play set area, it's just like exposed and it's just 8 9 like -- it just can't keep up. 10 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Um-hum. MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: And it's failing. 11 I don't know if you want to see more of that or 12 13 not. 14 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: That's okay. 15 MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: So yeah, I look at that, and 16 I -- there is that whole center area. And that center area, 17 nobody has any ability to connect to that county drain. goes into that circle, that circle is wobbly. I think that's 18 19 where you said it pops up higher. 2.0 The drainage commission came in seven years ago, 2.1 they dug a ditch on the north side. And they just -- they 22 stuck the dirt over in the center and just kind of piled it 23 and just spread it a little, created this convex area, and 24 the flow is just terrible in there.

So I do think -- and I'm sorry if everybody has to

pay something if we, you know, look at this. I don't know how all that works, but I do think that's an issue that needs to be addressed to be correct.

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Some of the standing water that's behind my property, and the property behind me, I get concerned with mosquitoes. We've got equestrian encephalitis now that's coming to the area with mosquitoes, that's going to be a greater issue that can affect the whole neighborhood with the kids and what not. So I get concerned about that.

The house directly to the south of me, or to the north of me, has flooded at least once.

I have two sump pumps on my property, and they're both running all the time, whether it's wet, dry, whatever. I have one on each corner of the home.

Rick's home before he owned it, that flooded. The water came up, their sump pump couldn't keep up and the water came up through the sump pump.

The home directly to the south of me has flooded. Same issue, the water just came up through the sump pump, it couldn't keep up.

And so, yeah. You're looking to find out if and how the water has flooded. And so, let me just look at my notes.

So I think that's what I would like to say is, you know, to have that center area reviewed and addressed, I

think, would create equity within the county drainage system so that, you know, we've got people that you talked about on Saddlehorn going up towards 22nd, they don't seem to have a concern. But they all have a place where they can put their drainage. But the people in the center area, they've got nowhere that they can put their drainage.

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Now one thing that the association has looked at is whether they want to try and replace that French drain, and that's not going to happen. They said, just let it go back to being a problem until the township -- or until the county looks at it is kind of where they are.

They are looking at doing some grading to try to get the grading in that north corner. But even that, I think they're just like cherry picking at small things.

I'd much prefer to see that center area, to see equity within the system to see that everybody -- everybody on the east side, they've all got their downspouts going down to tile, and it's all dumping as far as they can, but back into that open area, and it has nowhere to go but to sit and settle and saturate the whole area.

So I think that's everything that I wanted to say.

I'll go ahead and sit down and take a look at my notes, but

if I do see something I missed, I'd like to just come back

up.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: If someone else

1 wants to speak. 2 MR. STEVE VAN DYKE: Sure, thank you. 3 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Anyone else in the 4 front row? Ma'am? No? 5 Okay, then back in the back? Yes, you, sir. 6 MR. RICK COWAN: So my name is Rick Cowan. I live 7 at 4464 Saddlehorn. So I actually live directly north of the house where Mr. VanDyke that just spoke. 8 9 I've been there since 2012. And when I first moved 10 in I did have some water -- I would say not standing, more 11 like puddles, but it was clay and in Jamestown you get clay 12 and you get issues like that. 13 I did invest several thousand dollars in the last 14 couple years to put in my own drain tile and downspouts and 15 it connects to the sewer lines. I haven't had any flooding 16 in the ten years I've lived there. And it seems like the 17 drain tile I've installed has seemed to address my issues. 18 And I'm actually against any sort of overall 19 neighborhood assessment that has to be done. Because while I 2.0 understand the frustration of some of the areas, I don't know 2.1 how putting in some new drain tile is actually going to have 22 an impact on the clay that we all live in. 23 So, thank you. 2.4 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you.

The lady -- I'm sorry, there was another.

MS. PATTI SELVIUS: My name is Patti Selvius and I 1 2 live at 4486 Saddlehorn Drive. 3 My husband and I, we are just in favor of just 4 maybe if some more maintenance can be looked at. We're not 5 really in favor of a huge assessment on everyone. 6 We have the same thing, we've lived in our house 7 for 16 years, and we've always dealt with the saturated lawn. We have done some of our own work in tiling into 8 9 the drainage tiles. But just if maybe the, someone could 10 come and look with maybe some maintenance and just look at 11 that and not the whole huge assessment on everyone. 12 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Thank you. 13 Yes, ma'am? 14 MS. DORIS FELTON: Hello, my name is Doris Felton 15 and I live at 4450 Stable Drive. 16 My problem with this whole thing is I don't go in 17 and buy a new car without knowing the price. And you keep talking about the project and the cost and whatever, and it 18 19 sounds like we're not going to know the cost until it's 2.0 already a done deal. 2.1 And I don't feel that's fair on anybody. 22 not -- my land is wet, as that was the first thing we noticed 23 when we even came and looked at the house. I've only been 24 there like eight months.

But my question for the whole thing is how can you

approve a project without a cost, without knowing an 1 2 approximate cost? I mean it sounded like from what this 3 gentleman said, we're all the way to the bottom of the list 4 before there is even any indication of what it's going to 5 cost. 6 I don't do business like that, and I don't think 7 it's fair for anybody else to have an assessment put on them, 8 or the project started, if that's the case, without knowing the cost. 10 I think that's very unfair, and I think that's an 11 unfair business practice, that there should not be just a 12 blank check. 13 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you. 14 Is there any comment to that? 15 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Really it's something we 16 talked about before. This is state law. We're seeing

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Really it's something we talked about before. This is state law. We're seeing whether there is a problem. And then it's up to the drain commissioner to see if there is the necessity of an issue to be corrected for him to come up to a solution. And he doesn't do that now because if he did, all of those costs would be assessed on you, all the engineering and everything else before there was even a determination of a problem.

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So I understand your frustration. It is unusual.

But there are a lot of assessments that kind of go that

direction. If you were having a road paved, they don't give

you a final cost. They can give you a better estimate there 1 2 because it's easier --3 MS. DORIS FELTON: But I'm not hearing any kind of 4 estimate. 5 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: It's not the purpose of 6 this hearing. So you're right about that. 7 MS. DORIS FELTON: Okay, thank you. 8 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Yes, sir. 9 MR. DON SNIDER: My name is Don Snider. I'm at 10 4347 Saddlehorn. I'm just to the west of that pool that was 11 referenced earlier. And -- yeah. Last year, the commission came out, the drain 12 13 commission came out and dredged behind my house and also 14 behind the pool. And for some reason, we weren't notified by 15 the drain commission in advance that this was going to take 16 place, which I thought was unprofessional. 17 And furthermore, they just dredged that --18 between -- behind our two houses, and it just created a pond. 19 So that the water was getting hung up just to the west side 2.0 of my property. Therefore, it just created a pond and 2.1 encouraged the cattails to grow faster. 22 And I called Chris at the commission and asked him 23 why they decided to just dredge behind our two houses, and 24 not go all the way down, all the way down to the drain in the

southwest corner. Yes. And I never got an answer.

Τ	And I called him back, and I asked what the price
2	was to have those those two properties or two the
3	drains behind those two properties dredged and not go all the
4	way down. And, again, I never got an answer as to why they
5	just did those two properties.
6	So, anyway, I would recommend, if you do decide to
7	do something with that ditch, that you do the whole ditch all
8	the way down.
9	I've come to the conclusion that water in our area
10	is a fact of life and there is not a whole lot you can do
11	with it. I tried to weed whack the ditches half a dozen
12	times a year. Last year I couldn't do that because it was
13	filled with water almost the entire year. And the water
14	could not escape due to the dredging.
15	I'm opposed to having everybody pay for this
16	project, a major project. But if you decide to go forward
17	with a major project, I would like to see the whole entire
18	ditch dredged. And if that makes sense, that's it.
19	I thank you for your time.
20	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you.
21	In the front row, right here, comment?
22	Comment?
23	Is there anyone who has not had a chance to make
24	public comment?

MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: Can I ask a follow-up?

1	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: If you come forward
2	and give us your name and address again.
3	MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: Matt Hollinrake, 4362
4	Saddlehorn.
5	The south section of Saddlehorn, the east-west
6	section, on either side of those, those drain directly to the
7	southwest, correct?
8	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Whereabouts are you now?
9	MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: On the north side, so this
10	drain goes in here, right?
11	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes.
12	MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: And this goes here.
13	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes.
14	MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: So that's correct?
15	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes.
16	MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: When you talked about derived
17	benefit, I get that if the rain that falls on my property
18	doesn't affect the people in the center, why are we part of
19	that drain easement? Does that make sense?
20	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Great question. And we get
21	this a lot, especially when there is a lot of branches.
22	So just to make sure I'm on the same page, if your
23	water comes through this branch of the system to the pond,
24	and yet others come here, why would you be on the hook for
25	any improvements done here, because your water doesn't flow

through that part of the system.

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Is that the core of the question?

MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: Yeah, pretty much.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Perfect. The answer to that is because it all flows through one concentrated point, and it's all the same watershed. There isn't a distinction made for that.

Now that being said, we do assessment rolls all the time, and I am not going to promise anything from Mr. Bush, but the possibility exists where if work were done only on your branch or another branch, the factors could be weighted such that that branch either pays more, or all of the cost associated with that work. I'm not promising that, I'm just saying it is taken into account occasionally.

We also have situations where maybe work is done in an upstream portion of the watershed and none of it is done in the lower portion, those folks in that upper watershed might pay more or all of the costs as well, if that's makes sense.

We call that a proximity factor, where are you in proximity to the work that was completed. Does your parcel utilize that improvement or not. So that can be applied to the assessment roll when we do that.

And I didn't talk a lot about assessment rolls earlier, I kind of flew over that. But in general it's based

on acres, how many acres you contribute, but also your land use. We might have a little drainage, for example, that comes from the south. I don't know for sure, I'd have to look at the LiDAR, but open space would probably be charged less per acre than developed space.

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When we get into larger watersheds, commercial tends to pay more than residential, pays more than ag, and more than like parks and such.

So, no, good question. It really does get tough, guys, because the cost needs to be recuperated. You are all one entity.

Somebody explained it this way, you're all in a boat, and if there is a hole in the boat anywhere, it's going to sink. And obviously if the boat sinks, that draws property values down. And there is arguments that can be made to both sides.

And I totally understand your point if an improvement is made to a part of the system that your property doesn't drain through, it does get very challenging to set up those assessment rolls in a fair way. Does that make sense?

MR. MATT HOLLINRAKE: I feel like using your analogy, there is two different boats here, and their boat has a hole in it.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: And that's the challenge,

because this drainage district, this is a legal entity. 1 2 the Bridlewood South Drain is its own legal entity, and, you 3 know, the costs that are born to that have to be paid by it. 4 But, no, we understand your point. I'm not trying 5 to argue against you for sure, because we understand where 6 you're coming from. 7 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you. I will 8 move the public portion be --9 MR. JOE BUSH: Mr. Chair, can I have one? So I just want to make a statement from the 10 gentleman before the last speaker with Chris. I'm not sure 11 12 why we didn't clean out the whole area behind you, I can't 13 answer that today. But we're going to make sure we get back 14 with you and Chris will be figuring that out. 15 The only thing I can think of is in that area, I'm 16 not a hundred percent sure by looking at it today, we might 17 not have all the easements behind all those property owners. This was platted in 2002, I believe, so they didn't always 18 19 get the easements in 2002, so I have to get them today -- not 2.0 today, but in today's world, in 2022. 2.1 So Chris might have only had easements -- and I 22 think that's Consumers Power as well, and that may even be 23 your green space by looking at the property line. 24 So I'm not sure what happened there, but I just

want to make sure that -- when we do notice for drain

maintenance, we're required by law to give two notices. 1 2 we typically mail out those notices not once, but twice, to 3 property owners to let them know we're going to be somewhat 4 That's what the easement is for, but we want to trespassing. 5 let people know we're going to be there. 6 So my apologies from my department if we didn't do 7 a good job of that. Now that being said, Chris might have just had a 8 9 couple property owner's permission, because we don't have 10 easements, and that's how that might have happened. But I 11 can't speak on that without digging into more detail. 12 But I want a clarification that that happens in 13 these 2002 plats that were developed, there is no easement to 14 go all the way to the end. 15 I would love that in today's world, but we don't 16 have that in all these older developments, but we'll look into that. I just wanted to clarify. 17 18 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you. 19 UNKNOWN SPEAKER: May I speak? 2.0 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Then I'll move that 2.1 the public comment portion be closed. 22 UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Just one --23 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Everybody has had a 24 chance to speak, and it was over three minutes. So we've

been very generous on that. And we're not going to get a

```
debate.
              We have the information that we need at this time.
 1
 2
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK:
                                               So is that
 3
     supported?
 4
               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER:
                                             I'll support.
 5
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Moved and supported
 6
     to close debate.
 7
               All those in favor, say aye.
 8
               (All replied, "Aye.")
9
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK:
                                              Then we have some
10
     correspondence that we've received. So I'm going to ask the
11
     secretary to --
12
               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER:
                                             I've gone through the
13
     correspondence that we've received. I mean there is eight of
14
            I can read them all, but I've read pretty much all of
     them.
15
     them, and they're all negative based on the fact that it
16
     looks like the petition was sent out, the petition read in
     such a way that all the costs of this would be taken by the
17
     county; and if that wasn't the case, that there would be an
18
19
     assessment on it. I'd be happy to read them.
2.0
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: If we can just put them
2.1
     in the record. I don't think we have to read through them
22
     all.
23
               Thank you.
2.4
               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Pretty much all
25
    negative.
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BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Thank you.

2.0

2.1

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Then, Board, any comments that you would like to make?

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: There appears, you know, this is kind of on the border between maintenance and having to go slightly beyond maintenance.

So if a project is approved, if we say there is necessity, I think one of the things we can say is this is not going to be a very expensive project.

My concern is between the open area in between the homes, and the very south line, is that the maintenance that would have to occur there, or the improvements that would have to occur there, are such that would be greater than what the maintenance would allow to be completed.

The maintenance on this, we have 1.6 miles, or two miles, is limited to 6 to \$10,000. And so that's where my concern is is that there is an issue there. It's not a major issue, but there is an issue there that has to be resolved, and I don't think they can do it for between six and ten thousand dollar.

So there is a need in my opinion, a necessity to have a project, but again it's going to be a very minor project. And I think it's something that can be easily resolved.

But even on the south drain, you're going to have

to go a fair amount of distance just to clear it out to make sure that it's draining properly.

2.0

2.1

And it sounds like there is now water collecting on that that there hasn't been for years. And again, the maintenance monies alone won't be enough to cover that.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay.

BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I guess I got a question for Joe.

Joe, if -- okay, if you did a study of this area and did some work, engineering work on it, and you found that to do it properly, it's going to be a huge project, is there an out for it to not be done if the people don't want it done?

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Yes, there is.

And I always do a cost analysis with every project, because I usually try to make the engineer come up with three alternative solutions; cheap, mid range, and then the Cadillac. I don't always pick the Cadillac, but you like to have those options so everybody doesn't say, you didn't look into those options. So I always look at three.

And we always do a cost analysis with the engineer and the township, and how much is it going to cost residents. We live in different times, I'm very cautious of the cost of projects and people's income. So I'm very cautious of that.

That being said, there is a couple ways, with

maintenance, that's per year. So maybe one year you would 1 2 tackle one of the issues and another year tackle another one. 3 So you could maybe do that, wrap this up in a couple years of 4 maintenance. 5 I'm not saying we would, I'm just saying the 6 alternatives because of the costs. That's why we're here. 7 We got a petition because it's more than the maintenance, 8 potentially. That's why we have a hearing. 9 So to have an out? Yes. Is there other 10 alternatives? Possibly. There could be a resolution too, 11 from the township, if the cost is a little more than 12 maintenance, you can always -- I can get a resolution from 13 the township if that Board would pass that at that time. 14 But that could be another option, but I'm just 15 going to throw it out there and mention it for the record. 16 But I do a cost analysis. 17 If you said a million dollars, I'd say no way. BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: To give an idea, if 18 19 you're taking a look at simply cleaning out that drain on the 2.0 south side, and you're probably talking there it looks maybe 2.1 less than a thousand yards, would that be -- in fact probably

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So to answer that, I was just running in GIS the app.

less than 600 yards, would you be able to do that within your

22

23

24

25

maintenance budget?

I did a measurement from here, let me get on this side so you can see, from this location here to approximately the corner there where you get into the basin, it's about 250 yards. That's fine if you hunt and fish and shoot, 250 yards makes sense. But we bid everything out per linear foot.

2.0

So you're looking at 750 feet of open drain. If you were to take 750 feet, even at five dollars a foot, you're under five grand.

Am I doing my math right on that one? Yeah. So 3500, 4000 bucks, to clean that out.

Now again, that's maybe a low price because we are in backyards and grass and yard restoration takes a little bit more. But my best guess, just looking at it right off the cuff here, I think you're going to be under that ten grand figure.

And being an engineer that deals with water, everything relies on grade. And we're seeing a fairly significant amount of contours. When you start to see these contour lines really close together, we do have some options.

It looks like they're starting to space out here and get fairly flat, which is why you're seeing some of those areas, if you dig and maybe even over-dig a little bit, they'll pond and hold water. But we can certainly take a look at that shoot grade and then try to set a steady

elevation all the way through.

2.0

2.1

What I'm pleasantly surprised to see is those contours do seem to be on the correct parcel, which is huge. They're not breaking onto Consumers.

But again, this is GIS data, it's not locked in perfect. But I do think that there are options there that can address that issue for under 10 grand.

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: So the two-year option, then you could take a look at spending 10 thousand, and then the second area the following year?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Correct. And many times when we do projects like that, we might do one in the fall and another one in the spring. And the fiscal year, the cutoff for that is January 1st, if I'm not mistaken.

Right. Right. So as we spend that 10 grand, it's 10 grand per calendar year. It doesn't matter where you slide that.

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Okay, that helps.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: That's helpful.

My personal opinion is I like the idea of the maintenance piece for it, and saying that, I personally, I would make a motion that this petition is not necessary and conducive to public health, convenience or welfare. And that the petition be dismissed.

That's my motion, if someone supports it.

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BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I'll support that.
 1
 2
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Motion is made and
 3
     supported that it's not necessary.
 4
               All those in favor, say aye.
 5
               (All replied, "Aye.")
 6
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: And then that's
 7
     carried.
 8
               Joe, do you want to say anything about appeal?
9
               WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Yeah.
                                                        If anybody
10
     wanted to appeal their decision today, you can do that
11
     through circuit court. You have ten days from today if
12
     somebody wanted to appeal their decision today, again through
13
     circuit court, not through my department. But there is a
14
    process for that.
15
               And I do appreciate everybody being patient.
16
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK:
                                              I think Bill has --
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: The only comment I would
17
     make is that this decision is -- is predicated on the fact
18
19
     that we think that the county is going to take a look at
2.0
     using maintenance projects up there over the next two to
2.1
     three years to resolve the issues, especially in the center
22
     section.
23
               WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: That's correct.
2.4
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO:
                                         It may be slightly more
25
     difficult, but I still think it can be resolved.
```

1	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: That is correct,
2	that was your decision.
3	And again, I just want to say thanks for spending
4	time with us this afternoon, and your patience, and learning
5	listening. Thank you.
6	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you. I
7	declare the meeting is adjourned.
8	(Board of Determination - Bridlewood South Drain -
9	adjourned.)
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1	CERTIFICATION OF COURT REPORTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC
2	
3	
4	STATE OF MICHIGAN)
5) SS
6	COUNTY OF OTTAWA)
7	
8	I certify that this transcript, consisting of 60
9	pages, is a complete, true, and correct record of the tape
10	transcription of the Bridlewood South Drain, held on July 6,
11	2022, to the best of my ability.
12	
13	
14	DATE: July 15, 2022
15	
16	
17	MARJORIE A. COVEY, RPR Michigan License CSR-2616
18	Washington License 20109173 Oregon License 20-0468
19	Illinois License 084-004911
20	Notary Public Expires: October 14, 2027, Ottawa
21	County, Michigan/Acting in the State of Michigan
22	
23	
24	
25	

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