1	STATE OF MICHIGAN		
2	COUNTY OF OTTAWA		
3			
4	IN RE: BRIDLEWOOD DRAIN		
5	BOARD OF DETERMINATION		
6			
7			
8	Proceedings commenced at 10:00 a.m., on Wednesday, July		
9	6, 2022, at the Jamestown Township Offices, 2380 Riley		
10	Street, Hudsonville, Michigan, held before Marjorie A. Covey,		
11	CSR-2616, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public.		
12	(PROCEEDINGS TYPED, IN PART, FROM RECORDING.)		
13			
14	APPEARANCES:		
15	Mr. Joe Bush, Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner Mr. Josiah Timmermans, Chief Deputy to Water Resources Comm.		
16	Ms. Marie Snyder, Secretary		
17	Mr. Rich VanderKlok, Board Chairman		
18	Mr. Ken Souter, Board Secretary Mr. Bill Cargo, Board Member		
19			
20	Mr. Paul Forton, P.E., Spicer Group Mr. Noah Szott, P.E., Spicer Group		
21			
22	Mr. Josh Westgate, Wright Township Supervisor		
23	Mr. Jerry Olman, Ottawa County Road Commission		
24			
25			

1	Hudsonville,	Michigan

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July 6, 2022 - 10:00 a.m.

PROCEEDINGS

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Good morning, everyone. Can I get your attention on this beautiful Wednesday morning? Or Thursday morning, what is today? It's a Wednesday. Being a holiday week it kind of throws us off.

Again, I appreciate everybody taking the time this morning to come to the Bridlewood Board of Determination at Jamestown Township.

I'm Joe Bush, the Water Resources Commissioner, also known as the Drain Commissioner, just a different title, different name, back in 2013 when I took office. But it's the same office. So it's, again, the Water Resources Commissioner.

Some people -- I've been hearing a lot of rumors, and Facebook, got a lot of emails, got a lot of responses, which are good, I appreciate that. Some people are probably asking, well why are we here today? What's the purpose of a petition? What's a Board of Determination? We have HOAs to take care of our issues. We got no issues. Some people have issues.

We're here today because my office received a petition. By Drain Code, when we get a petition, my department, we have to hold a Board of Determination. That's

why we're here today.

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Some people say, well, what does that really mean?

In Drain Code, I have to hold a public testimony time for people to explain whether they have issues, what they're in favor of, what they're not in favor of.

Your time is today to talk in public comment, and it's on the agenda. So when you signed in there was an agenda back there, that is time for people to share their issues, whether you have none or not.

When I hold a Board of Determination, I have to appoint three panel members. We only have two today because the other one might be sick. So I don't think he wants to be here, but we can legally still have a Board of Determination with two people. So that's who I have up here, these two gentlemen.

I don't have a say in this at all. The three gentlemen I pick for the Board of Determination have no idea exactly the issues. They have not been forwarded any of the testimony, the emails that we've been receiving. They don't know the area that well. I don't discuss it with them. So I don't want them to already have an idea of what's going on before they hear it from the public.

And so these three -- two gentlemen have been on Boards of Determination for many, many years. And they're appointed by me. So they're not related to anybody on the

township board, planning commission, anything to the Jamestown Township Board.

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These three gentlemen live outside of the drain district, and they live outside of the township. So when I appoint three-panel board members, I make sure they understand Drain Code, and what their job is today. Their job technically is to make a determination to move forward with a project.

What does that mean? We don't have a project today. Because they got to decide whether or not we move forward, or I move forward, I should say.

The other one is, their job isn't to determine a cost, or anything, because we don't have a project. So Drain Code tells me that I have to hold a Board of Determination.

The next step is they decide at the end of this meeting whether I should move forward with a project. And then we would discuss it with the engineering firm that we have here today to talk about some options.

I hear rumors out there, and Facebook is alive and well, and refer to that as gospel, but it's not. They don't -- the engineering firm does not determine the project. They come up with options.

Usually I tell every engineering firm that I work with, because I have the whole county, so I'm just not Jamestown Township. I have all 17 townships, six cities and

a village that I work with. I work with the engineering firm to kind of say, hey, what are some options if we move forward, we're not even that far yet.

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We don't have a cost because, again, we don't have a project. So I want to put some of those rumors to bed.

The reason we received a petition was because there was a request to do some work in this subdivision, or in this watershed, that is beyond the maintenance limit.

People say, well what's a maintenance limit?

Technically by law and Drain Code I'm only allowed to spend \$5,000 per mile, per year, per drain. What that really means is I can clean out maybe a detention pond, do minor maintenance, but I can't go and add pipe. I can't go and re-size the detention pond. There is a lot of things I can't do without a Board of Determination. So that's why we got the petition because the request was beyond my maintenance limit.

So that being said, I just wanted to say that's why we're here today. And I appreciate you taking the time to come and learn and listen, speak out. This is being recorded word for word. Technically I always have a court reporter, she is virtual today, but this is also being recorded as I'm talking. So everything will be in transcript at the end of this meeting.

Some people say, well are there minutes? There

will be minutes. If you go on Miottawa.org, look under Water Resources Commissioner, and look under minutes and projects, or projects and petitions, you look under that, there will be minutes for everyone of my Board of Determinations.

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So I don't have anybody up here taking minutes. I record them word for word. That way in the future you can look back and say, what did Joe say, what the engineering firm say, what did the Board of Determination members say.

The other rumor that I'm hearing a lot is the county is going to pay for it. I have never said that and it doesn't say that on the petition either. The county is liable for an assessment for a percentage. The road commission could be liable for an assessment, depending on how much road water goes into the detention area or whatever the improvements are; and the township is going to be liable for an assessment as, from their budget, but it's not going to pay for a hundred percent of it. So I know that rumor is out there.

I'm just trying to knock some of these out before people ask questions about, hey, I heard the county is paying for it. Nope, not a hundred percent.

I hear rumors about green space, and, you know, I hear -- Facebook, again, is alive and well, and I appreciate that. So please give testimony on it so we can get it word for word, and it's recorded.

We will read the comments from people who are not able to make it. Not everybody has to come to these. You're more than welcome to give my secretary an email, and then we'll read those so it's recorded in the Board of Determination minutes.

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Again, this two panel Board is just for a determination, not a cost or a project. So the engineering firm we have today is Spicer Engineering. We have Paul Forton in the back who will be sharing a presentation of kind of the area, an out-lie of what it is. And then we have Noah from Spicer as well.

We have my staff, my secretary, in the yellow dress, Marie, has been signing people in or walking around. And then Josiah, my chief deputy is here.

We have Josh Westgate with us. He is the deputy supervisor for Jamestown Township, who is also, he's not a part of the Board today, but has sat in on a lot of these boards as well, these Board of Determinations.

To make it important, these gentlemen have no properties or affiliation with Jamestown Township, so I just want to make that known.

When I give these gentlemen the oath, they will be running the meeting. I'm able to take questions.

We do have, I don't want to forget, Jerry Olman from the road commission. He comes to a lot of these BODs

and gives testimony on what the road commission's position is 1 2 for these. 3 And then from right to left, the two gentlemen, we 4 have Rich VanderKlok. He is from Georgetown Township. 5 was a board member there for many, many years and also been 6 doing these BODs for a number of years. 7 Then we have Ken Souter. Ken Souter is from Port 8 Sheldon Township, and he was on the road commission as an 9 engineer for 38 years, and is retired. 10 So these gentlemen, again, when I appoint them they 11 understand today's purpose, Drain Code, they know how to run 12 a meeting, and they love hearing public testimony. 13 So at this time I'll go ahead and give these 14 gentlemen the oath, and they'll run the meeting. Thanks. 15 Gentlemen, please rise, raise your right hand. 16 Do you each solemnly swear that you will faithfully perform and discharge the duties imposed upon you, as 17 required by law, as members of the Board of Determination, 18 19 appointed by the Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner, 2.0 to determine the necessity to maintain and improve the Bridlewood Drain, located in Jamestown Township, in said 21 22 county, gentlemen? 23 (Both replied, "I do.") 2.4 WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Thank you. 25 BOARD MEMBER RICH VANDER KLOK: Our first order of

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business is the election of a chairperson.
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               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I make a motion that Rich
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     serve as chairperson.
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               BOARD MEMBER RICH VANDER KLOK: And I will support
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     t.hat..
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               Motion made and supported that Rich VanderKlok
 7
     serve as Chair.
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               All those in favor, say aye.
9
               (Both replied, "Aye.")
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               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: And then I will make
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     a motion that Ken Souter serve as secretary.
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               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll second that motion.
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: And it's made and
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14
     supported that Ken Souter serve as secretary.
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               All those in favor, say aye.
16
               (Both replied, "Aye.")
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               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: And that is carried.
               And then thirdly, we will have rules of public
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     comment, and I'll make a motion that public comment be
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     limited to three minutes per person.
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               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I'll support that
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    motion.
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               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Moved and supported
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     that public comment be limited to three minutes per person.
25
               All those in favor say, aye.
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1	(Both replied, "Aye.")		
2	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: That's carried.		
3	We've already had the role and function of the		
4	Board and the procedural history that was explained by Joe		
5	Bush. And so now I'm going to turn over to Paul for the		
6	engineering presentation.		
7	But before I do that, Jerry, do you have any		
8	comments you want to make about this at this time?		
9	ROAD COMMISSION JERRY OLMAN: No.		
10	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. And, Josh,		
11	anything from Jamestown Township that you want to make?		
12	JAMESTOWN SUPERVISOR JOSH WESTGATE: Not at this		
13	time.		
14	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Paul?		
15	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Make sure folks can hear me		
16	okay, but I want to make sure recording that we got a		
17	microphone here.		
18	So as Joe mentioned, my name is Paul Forton. I		
19	work with Spicer Group. We're a civil engineering firm and		
20	our office is based out of Byron Center, so just east of		
21	here.		
22	And we were tasked with at least providing or		
23	conducting a preliminary investigation, inspection of the		
24	drain system. When a petition comes in like this, we are		

typically asked to look at these.

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I don't live here, right? So the comments I'm going to be making are based off of a windshield tour. We popped some manhole lids. Maybe you saw us out there poking around and looking at some of the storm sewer. But it's vital you provide your input too, okay?

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So I might say something that doesn't agree with the 20 years of experience you've had living there potentially. I know I've talked to some of you folks, there is a lot of the history here.

I will give you kind of the outsider view and provide that to the Board and get you guys up to speed with what we've seen, but we do rely heavily on public comment. So please feel free to voice your concerns, both for or against the project. And we're going to have you do that right from the podium here in a little bit when we take public comment.

I'm getting a little bit of feedback, but hopefully it's not too bad for you guys out there.

We're going to talk about the location of the drain, get the Board members up to speed on where we're located here. We're going to talk about the background and history, and some of the statistics for this drain.

We're going to look at the drainage district boundary. I have some photographs to show you so that you guys can see what the folks in the audience already know.

And then we're going to talk about the observations that we 1 2 can make based on those. And also talk about next steps and 3 any questions that the Board may have. 4 So, gentlemen, you have a hard copy in front of you 5 as well, right, in case the screen is a little small? 6 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: 7 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent. 8 So we're located off of 22nd Avenue, right between 9 Quincy Street and 196. Bridlewood spans both the east and 10 west side of 22nd. 11 This is an existing county drain. So the petition 12 that was received was not to establish a new drain, it was simply to work on an existing county drain. 13 14 And the first bullet there states that it's a 433 15 Agreement. And unless you're a lawyer or engineer that works 16 with this, what the heck is a 433 Agreement? 17 That is basically an agreement that a developer can 18 enter into when the subdivision is platted to say, hey, we 19 agree to put in this storm sewer, we agree to put in this

And at the time -- that was probably even before Geerlings. So this was originally platted, the first

drainage, and we're going to give the county easement over

that system. And when we're done with the development, at

our own cost, it will be transferred to a county drain under

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Joe's jurisdiction.

Bridlewood was originally platted in 2001, and then 2002,
2003, different phases, I believe, five to six different
phases, maybe even more over time to develop the entire area.

Okay.

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The watershed that this serves is approximately 80 acres. I say approximately because there are some changes that we would recommend in the future if the boundary were to be corrected with modern data, and we'll dive into that a little bit.

There is currently about 137 parcels within the watershed. And the drain length itself is about 2.3 miles of drain centerline.

So when Joe talked about maintenance, and -Josiah, do you need me to speak into that? Okay, cool. Just
trying to figure out our new virtual world.

This is so much nicer to be able to do this in person to be honest with you guys. Doing this during COVID was such a pain.

Going back to drain length, that's extremely important because that determines how many dollars Joe can spend on maintenance per year without a petition, without this part of the process.

And obviously for those that live in the area, the land use in this area is primarily residential. At this point we're looking at residential neighborhoods and there is

some forested area and some green space, but in general we're looking at residential land use.

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So this is a picture of Bridlewood North. For those that grabbed a map on your way in, this would be the red area or pink highlighted area.

We have Bridlewood North, again within the red, but then there is also a Bridlewood South Drain. And if you're interested in that particular drain, that's the area shown, I believe, in kind of like a green or a mint color on the map. There is a Board of Determination for that at 11 o'clock, for that drain. We received petitions for both.

A little bit of background, especially before we get into public comment. I'm not familiar with the homeowner's associations, but in reading some of the public comments that came in, there is some reference to a Bridlewood West.

So from a drain perspective we have a Bridlewood
Drain, and then we have a Bridlewood South Drain; but from an
HOA perspective when we get into public comment later, I know
there was a reference to Bridlewood West, and maybe very
quickly in the audience, is it Bridlewood West? Is
Bridlewood West west of 22nd? And then is it Bridlewood or
Bridlewood East? Okay.

So I know this is being recorded for the record. We got confirmation from the audience that Bridlewood West is

22 and west; Bridlewood East is east of 22nd and we'll carry it on from there.

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So moving forward, general flow patterns, the arrows are a little bit tough to see there on the screen.

But in general, we'll start at the upstream end and work our way down. How does that sound?

So the west side of the road, in general, because I know there is a few different flow paths, but in general the west side of the road congregates into a central basin here.

From that basin it leaves through a pipe and comes into another basin here in the northwest corner.

Then it crosses the road, comes through a pipe and enters another basin here, before that outlets to a natural watercourse and proceeds west.

The other portion of the neighborhood, so Bridlewood West, this storm sewer, in general, flows to the intersection here -- actually it doesn't even make it to the intersection. It makes it to this point, and then flows into the same detention basin, at which point that flows to the side.

Now one of the things I want to know is I have an arrow right over the top of the red line. And when we get into these 433 Agreements, many times when those agreements are entered into with the developer, it's based on the phase of development that's being completed.

So 20 or so years ago when this was put together, the -- presumably the Bridlewood red line we see here on the screen was put together before these final phases were developed on the south side.

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Because of that, I know from doing investigations, that there is a storm sewer down Stable Drive, for example, here that goes north into this intersection and goes out. So there is water that drains through here.

In addition to that, we know there is portions of neighborhood over here that drain through this system and go out. So there is more to it than just these red lines. This is very important information because of the fact of what Joe mentioned earlier.

Again, there is a lot of chatter on Facebook, and there has been a lot of emails that have come in. At no point in time has anybody from our staff said that the county is going to pay for this a hundred percent at large, in our terminology we say at large.

Now the county, if the project is found necessary,
Joe's office will administer that, but again the cost is
going to be split between the county at a certain percentage,
the township or municipality at a certain percentage. If
MDOT were involved we would assess MDOT based on certain
calculations, but they're not in this district so there is no
MDOT or no railroads. And then the rest of the cost is

spread on the residents.

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Now when we say the residents, that's everybody right now inside of that red boundary, okay? And I'm presenting information and looking at some of the comments that have come through emails, please don't shoot the messenger, I have no dog in this fight. I care, but I don't care. If it's found necessary, great. If it's not, that's completely fine too, okay?

So I'm just trying to present as much information so the Board has a good understanding of what's going on, but then also you guys as residents. Because I can tell from the comments there is a lot of misunderstanding on how this stuff works.

So when we say the cost goes to the residents, it's everybody inside of that red boundary right now.

The reason for that is the way the law is written, and I'm not a lawyer, but the way the law is written is you're assessed based on derived benefit, okay. And ultimately that ends up being Joe's offices decision.

If a project is found necessary, and that cost is spread out, it's based on derived benefit. And that typically is if you contribute water -- if you're part of the watershed where water enters anywhere into this system and goes through any of these pipes, and ultimately goes through this point right here, then you're in, whether the problem is

in your back yard or not.

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And I know that there are a couple of hot zones, I guess you could say, where we've received complaints and we know that there are known issues. When we receive a petition like this, the goal is not to fix just that one spot. We look at the whole system, which is, again, an important part of your public comment, because if we don't know that there is a problem, then we can't fix it.

Another part of that is we might not be able to fix your problem. Many times through this process we'll need easements, you know. Joe's office, and I know you guys know this, and a lot of this comment I'm giving today is really for the audience, not you guys, because I know you guys know this stuff.

But there is nothing worse as a professional than to go through this whole process, have somebody say, I have a problem, I have a problem, it's found necessary, we come up with a solution and then we need an easement to implement it to put a pipe somewhere, or somewhere else, and then to have that person say, "I'm not going to sign an easement for a pipe." Well how am I supposed to fix your problem, right?

It would be like telling the road commission, you know, the road commission, if a tree drops out of your yard onto their road, they have authority and easement to cut that tree up and take it away.

If you have a tree drop in your backyard, you don't call Jerry and say, "hey, come cut up my tree." That's really in your yard and not his problem.

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So as we get into the drainage issues it gets kind of tough, doesn't it? Because maybe my downspout gutters are buried into the ground, and they're hooked to a pipe, and they go away. Well, maybe Noah's aren't, if he lives in the neighborhood, and they spill out on the ground and they flood his basement. If you've lived there long enough, maybe that downspout gutter has come off and now you're putting water into your basement, or a sump pump fails.

So there is issues that we have as homeowners that are kind of our problem in general. But then there is also issues that the county can potentially come in and help with.

One example, in this instance, would be not everybody has access to the county drain. So I might be able, if I lived on the drain, or my parcel touched it, maybe I could run a pipe and hook it into the county drain.

But if I live on a parcel where I can't do that, well now I have to rely on either the homeowner's association to give me permission to put in a pipe, or possibly neighbors and say, "hey, maybe we can get together."

If there is not a pipe that services my area, but I need one, that's where Joe's office can come into play where he can provide a public outlet if easements are provided. If

the easements aren't provided, then game over.

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So, again, a lot of background knowledge in hopes that I can maybe answer some questions and limit a little bit of the public comment later, in hopes of addressing questions that I know about.

So this is a picture of that same area, but it's LiDAR data. This is elevation data.

So if we were to come in and modernize this boundary, and correct it, we would be looking at this data. And I already mentioned the point, if you're familiar with the west side of the road here where Stable Drive comes around this point, that's kind of a high point. If you were to ride your bike there, or drive your car, it's a little bit higher at this point.

And if I were to fix, quote, unquote, fix or update this red boundary, the front yards that drain into the road technically would be draining north and away, and then the rear lots come to the back. So those are the sorts of things that we're looking for.

Another area in general that we would look to fix would be -- again, I mentioned this here, this particular corner of the parcel, of the adjacent parcel does drain north and away, and those are areas that we would look to pick up and add. And then there is other areas that we might remove if their drainage does not actually enter that this system.

So if we were to update this boundary as a part of this process, that's the elevation data that we use, in addition to the pipes and things that we find in the field and in the roads.

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So now I'm going to finally get into pictures.

Pictures are worth a thousand words. So we're going to get into some of the conditions of what we see out there.

You can kind of follow along in the corner. There is a little tiny map that's similar to the one that you have. Where the red star is is where the photo was taken.

So this particular photo is in the open drain portion, or the stream portion of the county drain.

And just a few things, this is pretty typical for an open drain, open drain being again a stream, not a pipe.

We've got a little bit of woody debris -- nothing like using a pointer on a screen that won't show it, right. We have a little bit of tree debris.

We see some minor erosion through some of this area, but in general it's not in horrible shape. There is a little bit of erosion and a little bit of woody debris.

This is just upstream of that location. This portion of the stream meanders a lot. So on the outside bends, which is pretty typical, we see a little bit of soil loss.

I feel like it might be better if I am in this

zone, this seems a little hot and tinny. We'll try this.

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This photo is of the downstream most basin. This is where all the water collects before it enters the natural watercourse. And you can see in the foreground here at the bottom of the photo, that is the structure that actually takes the water and releases is out.

In the background you can see two pipes that are coming into this particular basin. The pipe that you see on the right, that's bringing in water from the south. And the pipe that you see over here to the left, that is bringing the water in from the east. So that's bringing the water in from Bridlewood East.

Moving upstream, this particular spot is on the very north end of a green space that exists in Bridlewood West. And on the north end of that, we could see where a channel had been dug to direct flow to a pipe that's located on the other side of these cattails.

So that pipe, gentlemen, is hooked into the storm sewer in the road and goes out through Bridlewood, through the Bridlewood Drain. I almost called it Bridlewood North, but that still wouldn't be correct.

The next photo is in that same area, and that's standing on the structure that connects to the street looking back towards the west over those same cattails.

This particular photo is taking -- taken now on the

east side of the road. So this is the pipe that exits

Bridlewood East and heads west and delivers that water

underneath 22nd Avenue. In general in good shape. There is
a little bit of grass and some cattails there, but it's not
plugged, and it's open and flowing, flowing well.

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This is a picture in the same detention basin just showing the emergency spillway there for if that pipe ever were ever to plug, it can fill up and spill over and still be released from the system.

So this picture was taken -- this picture was taken in February, give me a minute here. I believe it was February 17th. And this is in that central basin on Bridlewood East, that tends to collect most of the storm water from the neighborhood, and then release it at a controlled rate.

So I was out there in February because we received a complaint that, boy, the water is really high, we're worried about flooding, can you come and look at this.

And so the outlet structure is on the bottom, right-hand corner, so that's how water gets away. That's the overflow spillway. So when water builds up high enough, it starts spilling into, through that cover. But there is a lower pipe that is beneath that, that sticks out into the pond that takes -- that releases that water at a slower rate.

So as these developers develop an area, you take

what presumably was an old farm field, and when you add driveways, roads and roofs to that, you'll have more runoff, more water running off the land. And we try to store that and release it at a slower rate so things don't get blown out downstream.

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And so I have a photo here in a minute -- this is another overview of the same pond. You can see some cattails growing there. We have a little bit of woody vegetation starting. In general, it's in decent shape, but over 20 years these do fill in over time.

The next photo was actually taken standing on top of that structure looking straight down, and again on the same day. And that shows that smaller restrictive pipe, and the water is flowing out. That's a good thing. If water is not flowing out of that, it means it's plugged, either a muskrat had some fun, or somebody's ball got stuck in there, garbage bag, we see everything under the sun that can cause issues. So if you're ever out there and the water is building up, and that's not flowing, definitely call Joe's office.

So when we were out there at the point of when we inspected it, water was flowing again and things were moving. And I think that there are landowners that kind of help keep that open, they keep an eye on it because they don't want their yards flooded. So I know some of your neighbors do

keep an eye on that and watch it.

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I guess the caution I would have, don't ever do anything you're not comfortable doing, just from a liability standpoint. Call, we have contractors that can do this, Joe's staff can do this. There are ways that we can solve these problem. But if you're comfortable going after some of this and taking care of it, fantastic. We just don't want to see anybody get hurt.

Moving on. This is the picture of that same location yesterday. So we snapped a fresh picture to show what the conditions are. And obviously it's been -- well we got some rain over the 4th. But in general, it's been fairly hot and fairly dry. And so we're starting to see things dry out a little bit.

And the key for maintenance on a system like this is to make sure that that outlet, that pipe that let's that water in, stays open and clear and not plugged.

So general observations on this, the open channel, I would say, is in fair to good condition. We're seeing some erosions, we're seeing some woody debris, but it's not extreme in general. I look at county drains all over the state. So in general I would say that's in fair to good condition.

The detention basin is kind of the same, you know. We got some vegetation that is growing. The challenge with

that is as those cattails die, things fall over, it's easier for things to get plugged up over time. Over 20 years the buildup of that biomass as it rots can start to take away from some of the storage capacity of those basins. But in general, they were functioning, at least from what we could see.

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Now again, we've been out there, let's see,

February, March, and yesterday. So three little site visits.

You might know of a basin that's plugged, hey, this pipe has got a problem, or there is a sink hole here, or issues like that. Please let us know. Because if we don't know, we can't fix it. But that's what we're aware of.

The last bullet seems to be the kind of the crux of why we're here. I mean we have that one basin and the complaint came in in February and we're keeping an eye on it, but there has been a lot of complaints about saturated yards.

Now from my perspective most of those were centered in Bridlewood West, but maybe there is saturated yards in Bridlewood East too. When a neighborhood like this gets developed, a developer will come in, typically they strip the topsoil off, they grade the clay to allow for the building of the roads and everything else. Topsoil goes back and then houses go up.

The challenge with that in an area like this is it's hard, hard clay, very hard clay. I don't know if

anybody has a garden and how that's going for you, but I used to live on hard clay, so I fully understand. You need a pickaxe.

2.0

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Unfortunately, in the drainage world what that means is when that sod gets saturated, it can't infiltrate. You're either waiting for it to evaporate or it just sits there.

And from my conversations with different landowners -- I'm going to bounce back. I should have just bounced forward.

From my conversations with landowners, I can speak just from my inspections, this area here was completely saturated. When we were out there in March, there was no way you could even put a riding lawnmower on it, you'd probably have trouble pushing a push mower on it if you tried to mow it because the tires are going to sink in and you're going to start cutting sod and dirt.

And not just low areas, there were high spots too in people's yards where there is a little hill or a knob. So you're thinking up four or five feet should be dryer, not on clay like this. It was saturated. You could stand there and jump up and down and it would turn into a soupy mess and you'd be looking at standing water.

So a lot of the complaints or concerns you could say that we received are related to those saturated lawns.

But also flooding. And one of the things, I have not seen this area flooding, okay? I've seen the east side of the road, saw that full of water.

2.0

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But I'm curious, it sounds like I've heard that basements flood. As a professional engineer, what I'd like to know is how did they flood? Did water come in through a walkout door? Did water come in through a window? Or is water coming in through cracks in your floor?

The answer to that question is extremely important as we look at design. If it's coming through an opening, that surface water is building up, the pond is so big, and now it's coming through a slider, that's a completely different problem to solve than water is coming up through the cracks in my floor.

I can talk on both sides of this issue. My basement flooded, but my sump pump died. Well that happens. It's happened in our St. Johns' office. I mean it happens, right? It happens to everybody.

The groundwater issues are a lot more difficult to be addressed from a public office standpoint than surface water issues. If, for example, this pond over here, if that floods and stays flooded, and it doesn't go down, and it's not functioning as it was originally designed, that's a problem and that's easier to fix with the easements we already have.

I'll pick on another -- any of these open areas that serve to store water. This area in particular, if water sits there standing after a rain for weeks and doesn't go away, that's something that we can address. Not simply, but it's, generally speaking, something that we can take care of.

2.0

If your yard is saturated, that gets a lot harder because, again, we can't touch it if we don't have an easement. And at the same time, we're probably not going to be putting downspout gutters up to everybody's house. There is public jurisdiction and there is private jurisdiction, and it's kind of a fine line, but it's very important.

And I know that there is a lot of folks that have already spent thousands of dollars on their own drainage.

And I'll just tell you what the comments are, they'll be read into the record, but some of them are, "I already spend thousands of dollars on my private drainage, why should I fund somebody else's? Let them pay for it." I understand that, I do.

I also understand that, "Hey, what if I want to spend thousands of dollars to fix my property, but I don't have a place to connect to it to?" I get that side of the argument too, "Hey, I want to fix my property, but I can't, I have nowhere to put the water."

So this is an interesting conundrum, and it will be a little bit of fun for you guys because it's not -- I

probably shouldn't say this, but it's not as cut and dry as some of these are. Some of these presentations that I gave, they're no-brainers for the Board. It's like, "Yes, something needs to be done." I don't know where this one is going to go.

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So that's why I want you to know, please provide public comment so that these gentlemen can make an educated decision. I just was able to provide a little bit of a snippet on where we're going to go and how it's going to proceed.

So next steps, what are we looking at?

So today again is all about necessity. You guys are determining the necessity of the project. It's not how much is it going to cost, it's not how to fix the problem, it's not where to put the pipes, it's none of that. It's is something necessary to be done or not, okay.

If the answer to that is no today, then there is not a project, everything is over. And then the law states that there just can't be a new petition from the landowners for a period of one year. So if it's found not necessary, and somebody is really aggrieved by that, they have to wait another year to submit a petition to Joe's office.

Now I say there is no project and nothing can be done, nothing can be done on a big scale. You might still choose to do maintenance, you can still go out there and do

maintenance that does not require a petition to do.

2.0

There is another, not caveat, but another portion of the law that would allow, if Joe went out there and identified that maybe \$20,000 of work needed to be done, and that's over the \$15,000 limit, there is a provision in the Drain Code where you can get a resolution from the township, for example, to exceed that maintenance limit.

But at that point, that needs to come from the township, and the township level, for them to exceed it.

Now I would say there is advantages to that. When we do a petition project, there is costs associated with that. He's a governmental entity, I'm private sector, okay. But he's got to follow all of the laws of the Drain Code. And that means we need to do -- there is bidding packages and contracts and advertisings and mailings and all of that that comes with a price tag. There is a lot of those requirements that are not necessary when we do maintenance.

And so there would be potentially cost savings to do a resolution to exceed, from the township, because that would provide for not needing to jump through all of the hoops. You still have to jump through a lot of them, but not all of them. So it saves on administrative costs, basically. You don't have to pay the engineer just to push more paper.

So when I say there is no project, there is just no formal large project. There are other avenues to complete

maintenance projects, and it's not to say that Joe wouldn't do that.

2.0

As a matter of fact, I think there are -- I know

Chris has been out on the site and looked at a few things.

Chris would be Joe's maintenance supervisor. He's looked at a few things and might have some ideas.

And so when I say no project, don't say nothing is going to be done, just no large scale projects are going to be done.

So what if it's found necessary, what's next from there?

Obviously we would need to do engineering. So a lot of people, "Well why don't you already know the pipe size?" You don't want me to figure out the solution for the problem because I don't even know the problem, right, I haven't heard from you, right?

So this is just a preliminary investigation to get some observations. And so if it's found necessary, we'd go into engineering, final design, collecting more information.

If we need to, we can work with landowners to get easements to address the concerns in the areas that are problems.

We might need to work with the state to get permitting to do the work that we want to do. Then that project would then get bid out.

Once the project is bid by contractors to come in and do the work, then we know our final number and our final cost.

2.0

It's really not until that point that we know how much this is going to cost. And if you've tuned me out because I'm so boring, pay attention to this. If it's found necessary today, look for a Notice of a Day of Review. Many of you are going to want to know how much it's going to cost. We don't know until that day.

And so you'll receive a letter in the mail notifying you of when the Day of Review will happen. And at that point you can either call the drain office, or come into the drain office and say, "Hey, what is my assessment? Here is my parcel number." And you can get an idea of what that's going to look like.

And I'm going to dive into a little bit more information just because of some of the comments I've read on Facebook and emails. And again, this is deeper than I normally go, but I already know they want these questions answered, so bear with me.

So what does that look like? It runs through the county books. Joe's office would administer the project and it would show up on your winter taxes as a special assessment. And it's only on your winter taxes.

Depending on the cost of the project, because, you

know, Joe is not sitting on a pot of money in this drainage district to do projects. We all pay taxes and we all pay our general taxes and property taxes and what not, none of that money goes to this county drain. Any maintenance, any work, anything that's done in this system is paid for by you guys as the landowners, or the county and township at large.

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Right now if you were to do maintenance it's based on the last known historic tax roll, which is that red line that we looked at earlier. Folks inside of that and the percentages that were set, if Joe does maintenance, that's how it gets spread, unless the boundary is changed.

And so it would be on your winter taxes. Typically on projects, Joe would look at the cost, how much is it going to be, and then try to make an educated decision on how long to spread it. If it's a small project, maybe it's one year. If it's a larger project, maybe we need to spread it over five, ten or twenty years. It depends on what those payments would look like and how much they're going to be.

So again, answering questions that I already know have been received and, again, diving into more detail than we typically do on these.

So again, if it is found necessary, the next step is to watch for that Day of Review so we would know how much it's going to cost. Then from there, once that's completed, there is an appeal process at that point. If you go in and

you look at your percentage, and you said, "that's not fair, because," you can appeal that.

2.0

How is that percentage determined? Normally it's determined by how many acres you own. Now it's a residential neighborhood, you're all on lots, you're all going to be fairly close, but some lots are bigger than others. If you have a larger lot in the district, in theory you have more water running off your property that would enter the system, therefore you should pay more.

Another thing that we do look at is land use.

Again, it doesn't apply quite as well here but I think we're flirting with the edge of some agricultural portions on the north side of the drain. And if a farmer has one acre of agricultural ground, that would drain a whole lot more than my one acre of residential, right? Because on my residential I have a roof and a driveway and maybe a shed. On the ag ground they farm crops and they grow plants. So the runoff from that one acre is different than mine.

So those are some of the things that we use in determining what the assessment roll will look like, just to let you know.

I think that's covers a lot of the questions that we received? Am I going to miss anything? Okay.

I'm going to check one more list. I used to be really good at remembering everything and then I had kid

number three. And then we had number four, and I have no 1 2 brain left. Yeah, so when we receive a petition, we look at the 3 4 entire system, not just the areas that were complained about. 5 Payment is by the municipalities and the residents based on the district boundary, and we talked about 6 7 Bridlewood West and Bridlewood East as HOAs, not as drains. So again, we have two drains that service this 8 9 area, Bridlewood and then Bridlewood South. 10 And with that, any questions, gentlemen? 11 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you, Paul. Before we go to the questions, I see that our third 12 Board of Determination member, Bill Cargo has arrived. 13 14 And so, I'd like to invite Bill to join us. 15 And, Joe, if you would administer the oath of 16 office to him? 17 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I'll first do an apology. 18 If you put in 2380 Holland, it takes you to a place in 19 Zeeland. So I've been there trying to figure out where I'm 2.0 supposed to be, and completely my fault. 2.1 To show you how bad the day is, I was rushing to 22 get over here, Ottawa County deputies are very good. 23 Completely my fault. 24 One of those things where I messed up, I put in the 25 wrong one, and error on top of the error.

1	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: All right, Bill.
2	Can you raise your right hand?
3	I know you heard most of the presentation.
4	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I did hear the
5	presentation.
6	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: All right. Do you
7	solemnly swear that you will faithfully perform and discharge
8	the duties imposed upon you, as required by law, as members
9	of the Board of Determination, appointed by the Ottawa County
10	Water Resources Commissioner, to determine the necessity to
11	maintain and improve the Bridlewood Drain, located in
12	Jamestown Township, in said county, what do you say?
13	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I will.
14	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Thank you.
15	And Bill Cargo, by the way, is from Grand Haven
16	Township. He is a superintendent over there, so just for
17	information.
18	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you,
19	Joe.
20	Before we move into public comment time, I just
21	wonder if any of the Board members have any questions or
22	comments for Paul, the engineer?
23	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: At this point, I
24	don't. It's a typical subdivision where there is backyard
25	drainage, frontyard drainage, street drainage. I guess we

need to hear from the people on exactly what the problems 1 2 are. 3 It sounds like the drainage is working, that is 4 correct? That was setup in the --5 6 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes. So from our inspection 7 we didn't see any blocked pipes, water was flowing and things 8 seemed to be operable, yes. 9 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okay. To me it looked 10 like some of the ponding areas that you've shown have quite a 11 bit of foliage in them. 12 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes. Excellent observation. 13 So for those that may not have heard, some of those 14 pond areas do show a lot of vegetation. It's funny, we get a 15 little bit nervous about woody debris because then that 16 brings in limbs and sticks and issues. The ironic thing though is those trees suck up a lot of water too. So it's 17 18 kind of one of those Catch 22s. 19 But, yes, they were functioning. And I'll think to 2.0 speak to one more thing that I haven't yet. On those basins, 2.1 if you live on one, it was meant to store water. It really 22 was, it was designed to do that. 23 So if you live on a basin and it's wet, or it rains 24 and it fills with water, it's supposed to fill up with water

and drain slowly, typically, over time.

Now if it doesn't drain at all, then there is a problem.

2.0

We didn't design this particular plat and I haven't even dove into the original as-builts to know. Sometimes those basins are set on a one percent slope, or more, so that they'll grade away and drain and dry, and you can mow them and take care of them.

Some of them are set to be a wet basin, and there is not enough grade to allow them to gravity drain. And so welcome to Ottawa County. We have some portions of this county that are pretty flat. Sometimes, as designers, they're not able to get those to fully drain.

And so just an important comment to make because I already know there is going to be some residents that say, "Well, I don't live on a pond, I didn't buy that parcel."

But then there will be others that are going to say, "Man, it's so wet all the time, I just can't stand it."

So I get it, guys. I understand. I've done this a lot and I know everybody's side of the story in this room.

And again, we appreciate the public comment.

BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: One more question.

On the ponds that are in here, were they originally designed as wet ponds, or were they designed to be dry ponds?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I don't know the answer to that for sure because it's hard to tell now looking at the

cattails.

2.0

The central basin on the east side to me looks like it was designed to be wet. When they're that flat, and you got a cattail community coming on, that tends to be, hey, it was meant to be wet. But the intent I don't know for sure.

Interestingly enough, there is another contrast.

The pond on the east side was built to be a pond. There is an open area on the west side, that picture with the channel and the cattails in it, that is actually humped up, basically it's a mound in the middle of that area. And there was a lot of discussion on Facebook on whether that was to be mowed or not as common ground.

I know I saw some comments that, hey, it's supposed to be natural so those plants can grow, it wasn't supposed to be mowed. But I can tell you from having walked on it, it's super saturated, it's saturated. Which, again, we see a lot in Ottawa County on our heavy clay soils, in those areas with soils, that sod, it just cannot drain.

And so -- but, again, the contrast on that, on the west side of the road, that green space area in the center of the neighborhood, is really more or less humped up, and there is a slight hill. Fairly flat, I know, but it's not concave, it's convex. So just another point as you guys are thinking this through.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay.

1	Bill, do you have any questions?
2	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Not at this time.
3	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you.
4	Then I will open it up for public comment, and what
5	I'd like to ask you to do, seeing as we have so many of you
6	here, is to come to the podium and state your name and
7	address, and also tell us if you live or have land in this
8	particular drainage district.
9	And so I think what I will do is I'll start in the
10	back, the very back row. And if you have a comment, if you'd
11	come forward and we'll go right down the row.
12	And then the next row.
13	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: So this is for Bridlewood, not
14	for South, right? Right now we're not talking about South?
15	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: No.
16	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Okay.
17	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Anyone else in that
18	row? If you have a comment, please come up and give your
19	name and address, and tell us if you live in this particular
20	district.
21	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Is this just for comments or
22	questions too?
23	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Comments, but if you
24	have questions, we'll try to answer those.
25	Go ahead, ma'am.

MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Hi, I'm Cathy Maxfield. 1 2 live at 4595 Stable. So on the picture it's the very north 3 side. It's the house with the red roof on the west. 4 I did have a question because, as the presentation 5 was going on, Paul, I was confused by the east and west. 6 there is the large space which falls into the drain south, 7 but it's on the west side of the road. On the north side of the development, in that top 8 9 corner by the field --10 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: This area up here? I'm a 11 little short, sorry. Vertically challenged. So you had a lovely 12 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Yes. 13 picture of our detention pond there that is all well mowed, 14 and there is --15 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: You're the red roof here? MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: I'm the red roof, and it's a 16 17 couple -- as the cul-de-sac, we've maintained that and mowed 18 it and dug the little stream to keep it flowing well to get 19 the cattails out. I've twice seen the water going over the 2.0 weir and washing out, but that was years ago before we 21 started maintaining it. 22 My question is clarifying, we're not talking about 23 the south green space where it might be humped and where 24 there might be problems. We are talking about the northern

detention space on the west side, and then east side -- yeah,

east side. 1 2 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: It gets a little confusing, 3 doesn't it? 4 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Yes, it does. 5 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: It totally gets confusing. 6 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: I'm a little directionally 7 challenged. 8 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So referring to the basin 9 here, that one is moved and maintained, you can see that from 10 the photo. And nice job maintaining that, and you guys do 11 that out of your own pocket and your own time and your own 12 expense. 13 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Well Dave did. 14 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Thanks, Dave, wherever you 15 are. 16 So to answer your question, this zone, I can tell 17 you for a fact, that surface water -- I'm probably blocking 18 the board here. But this green space here has kind of the 19 highest point across the middle, and the water in general 2.0 goes north. 2.1 And actually that white spot right there is 22 probably where the ditch was dug that we had a photo of with 23 the cattails. That water from the north part, probably north 24 third to a half of that green space, does go into a pipe that

connects to the road, and makes it through your basin, out

your back yard and down to the ditch.

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So that definitely goes towards you, even though it's south of the line, that drainage is coming towards you.

And then today, all of this side of the road, the majority of this side of the road all crosses here at a pipe and comes through your basin as well, through that black pipe that was to the left.

So I'm not sure if I touched on the answer to your question or not.

MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: I wanted just a clarification of were we dealing with the south green space or just the red district, which is north.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: And what Cathy is alluding to, I think, is that on a lot of what has sparked this is standing water. For Bridlewood South, when we talk about that here in a little bit, this is kind of one of the hotbeds for Bridlewood South is right here.

There are several others, but the primary one that sparked it is right here. So that particular issue would not be brought into Bridlewood, the main drain that services the north.

MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Okay. Then I have a question on behalf of the people on the cul-de-sac up there.

During heavy rains, we will see water running off of the field, which is actually an air strip, to the north,

across the county road. There is a bit of a flat spot, and 1 2 then it -- then it's graded lower into our neighborhoods. 3 And so having the lot that turns the corner, that 4 gets into the natural stream, I get a stream every year, 5 right? It's flowing across. But it also seems like there is 6 no collection point coming off of 22nd. 7 There are the ditches, but I don't know if they're 8 overflowing, or what's happening, but there is a whole lot of 9 water that comes, that's heading west, goes around my 10 neighborhood. 11 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I'm going to bounce up to 12 that LiDAR slide because I think I know exactly what you're 13 talking about. 14 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: So there is the road, just 15 under the red line on the north.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Same map. Cathy lives right here.

MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Yes.

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ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: And what she's referring to is probably a lot of runoff, there is a hill that is to the north of you, and a large portion of that area or that field is draining across those contours, perpendicular right around, probably right here, right at the corner of your lot.

MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Pretty much. Ducks swim in my yard.

1	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: A little different than A
2	River Runs Through It in the movie.
3	MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: No trout, just waterfowl.
4	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Which is good. It makes it
5	easier for permitting.
6	But all that being said, in heavy clay soils like
7	this, if we get an inch or two of rain, especially with the
8	intensities, the shorter storms that we've been seeing in the
9	last few years, there will definitely be concentrated flow
10	there running into your basin.
11	MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: But now it's starting to
12	washout, it appears, the edge of I don't know what you
13	call it, where
14	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Is it washing away the grass
15	and cutting down and eating into the dirt perhaps?
16	MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Eating into the dirt, causing
17	sink holes in my neighbor's just erosion into the place
18	where the silo goes under the weir and it dumps in, our drain
19	tile runs into there as well.
20	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Okay.
21	MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: And it's all washing out.
22	There are huge concrete slabs and stuff that have been dumped
23	in there I think when it was developed to hold it all in
24	place.
25	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Or possibly even the farmer

prior to the development. A lot of times they'd throw 1 2 concrete or rock at it, trying to stop problems like that. 3 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: So does that fall under this 4 meeting, or not at all? Or would that be another petition? 5 I don't understand the process. 6 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent question. 7 Excellent question. That portion, that natural flow path is not designated county drain at this time. 8 9 I would have to look back at the plat to see what 10 easements are granted over the top of the pond. But 11 typically, that's like the top of the embankment, or like the top of the berm as you look west across that, usually it's 12 13 struck at that elevation around the pond. 14 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Okay. 15 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So that when it fills up to 16 that level, so anything under that area could potentially be 17 maintenance that's done by the drain office. 18 But as I'm hearing you, I think the problem is 19 really more north of that, in your back yard, and in your 2.0 neighbor's yard before it even gets to the pond, is that 2.1 right? 22 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Correct. 23 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So the only way Joe's office 24 would be able to take care of that would be if that were 25 established as like a branch of the county drain, and we

could do that as part of this process potentially. 1 2 But otherwise the challenge in that is right now 3 it's a private issue between you and your neighbors, and 4 maybe even the neighbor to the north, hey, is there something 5 we can do about this. 6 And there are some products and some things that I 7 could recommend that would help reduce that erosion, and we can talk after the meeting if you have time. 8 9 MS. CATHY MAXFIELD: Thank you. 10 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you. 11 The gentleman in the blue? Do you have a comment 12 you'd like to make, sir? 13 MR. CHRIS SHAFRAN: Hi, my name is Chris Shafran. 14 I live at 4494 Stable Drive. 15 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Cathy's neighbor, or no? 16 MR. CHRIS SHAFRAN: No. I'm just the guy that just kind of dips in inside the red line as you come in the west 17 side of the subdivision there. 18 19 So just listening to a lot of the comments, I mean 2.0 obviously we know about the clay soil. We know soggy yards 2.1 are what you deal with in Michigan when it rains a lot, and 22 with this particular soil type. 23 I definitely feel for some of the issues my 24 neighbors are having as well with some of the drainage. 25 When it rains a lot, my yard tends to saturate as

But from what I hear from the presentation from the 1 well. 2 engineer, you know, it sounds like there is a lot of 3 maintenance that can be done, and that that doesn't 4 necessarily require an assessment to all of the people in the 5 district. 6 So my position is that, number one, at this time 7 this project be denied, and that we avail ourselves to the funds that are available under the Drain Code to do 8 9 maintenance, to try to settle some of these issues that 10 myself and my neighbors are potentially having. 11 And then if that maintenance proves to be 12 unsuccessful, or does not resolve some of the issues, then at 13 a later date that we go back and look at a much larger 14 project. 15 So my stance at this point would be to respectfully 16 ask for the Board to deny this, and we avail ourselves of the 17 maintenance funds available to us under the Drain Code, and 18 then reassess at a later date. 19 Thank you. 2.0 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you. 2.1 Now let's go back, the gentleman with the hat, 22 comment? 23 MS. ROBYN WISDOM: Good morning. I'm Robyn Wisdom, 24 4538 Caspian Drive. I'm sure Paul can point right to it.

You're a little more over, yes.

We are the reason for the February pictures that you saw today of the detention pond. I will say we were having issues at that point. What we understand is they did find rocks and things in the drain. It has since been taken care of.

2.0

And so one of the pictures that you saw afterwards where the water was flowing appropriately, that is still the case today, and we are not having issues at this point.

And so I would hate for anything to be assessed to an entire two neighborhoods for an issue that has already been taken care of through maintenance.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Thank you.

Anyone else in that row have a comment?

MS. DEB BOUCHARD: Hi. I'm Deb Bouchard. I live at 4444 Equestrian Drive. I am in Bridlewood East.

Back when Bridlewood East was being developed, I was the first home built back there. And I have seen all the development. And I did bring up, when they started on Caspian South, my concerns and maybe they aren't concerns, because I'm not an engineer, of how the whole drainage system works, and how it goes under the road and through people's yards. And then it goes up in the corner to the north, I guess that would be north, north, and then comes across to the other side, and the way our drain is along the road.

We have lived with it. The people that have to do

the lawn service for the drain, along the road, I feel for them. It's nothing but mud.

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But we are living with it, and I don't feel -- and I feel for the people that do have water issues.

I'm an insurance agent. If you get flooding in your basement, you don't want to know how much some of these people have to pay for insurance because they have to file a claim.

So I live way in the back, I've got the ravine behind me. I have had no issues.

I do get water in my backyard still a little, but I don't know -- Bridlewood East and Bridlewood West have usually been separated a little bit when you come up with other items in the neighborhood.

So, you know, if there is something that needs to be done in Bridlewood West, I would hope that if Bridlewood East is not having issues, that we would not all have been to be assessed over there.

But I think the gentleman, I don't know his name, said it perfectly when he was up here. You know, let's see how it goes, but I do not feel that everyone should have to be assessed for a few.

Thank you.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Thank you.

Anyone else in that row? Otherwise the next row?

Behind you.

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MR. MIKE BYRNES: Good morning. Mike Byrnes, 4392

Caspian Drive.

My question is around the petition, as I read it, the petition was for maintenance. And I believe, Joe, you said there is a maintenance budget already. So what are we actually talking about when we talk about a project versus maintenance?

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Do you want me to clarify for him?

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Sure.

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: So when I talk about -- for the record, when I talk about a maintenance budget, when we talk about 5,000 per mile, per drain, that is still coming from a pot of money. That's not what the county or the state has to fund. I just want to clarify the previous speaker so I was going to make that announcement.

Maintenance money is still taxpayer's money. So there is a percentage that would be the township, county, road commission, and then whatever the township -- the township is more than happy to pick up the tab, if they so choose, if it's \$5,000. They can say, you know what, we'll pay for that.

Or they can say, you know what, spread it out and put it on the residents along with the county, township and

road commission. So there is not a budget that the county 1 2 has for drain maintenance, but we do have money to contribute to the 5,000 per mile, per year. Does that make sense? 3 4 MR. MIKE BYRNES: So maintenance could still end up 5 being an assessment? 6 WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: It could be, but 7 because that it's only 5,000 per mile, you don't get much done for 5,000. 8 9 Just for the record, there has been some 10 maintenance done over the years. In 2011, and I believe 11 maybe in 2015 there was an assessment, and the township, road commission, and the county, we picked up that, I think one 12 13 was 3500 and one might have been 2200. So that money was 14 picked up. There was no special assessment because it would 15 almost cost more to do all the mailings and everything else. 16 It would be cheaper just for the three of us, the 17 municipalities, township, the road commission and me to pay for it when it's that low. 18 19 Now anything bigger than that, yes. But it could, 2.0 the township could come back and say, Joe, we're going to pay 2.1 a thousand of that. So that's up to the township and their 22 discretion, and that's for the record. Hopefully that 23 answers the question.

MR. MIKE BYRNES: Yes, it does very much. I would like to agree with the other folks that would like to deny

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1	the project and proceed with maintenance.
2	Thank you.
3	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Mr. Chair, may I have a
4	follow-up question for Joe?
5	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Sure.
6	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Joe, the previous speaker
7	talked about the, that there was maintenance to remove rocks
8	to solve the problem. Are you familiar with what that is,
9	and is that your office?
10	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Yes, it was.
11	I think we were in your back yard, and that was our
12	office that went out there with Paul. I believe Paul, and
13	Chris, my drain inspector.
14	We had to get the rocks, kids must have put rocks
15	inside and they actually plugged it up, the cattails got in
16	there.
17	But, yeah, we went and fixed that problem. And
18	again, I think that's going to be a bill we're picking up as
19	far as the county, township, because it was small enough it
20	wasn't a big cost, but it fixed that problem.
21	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Is it your understanding
22	that that resolved the issue for the Bridlewood district on
23	the west side of 22nd Street?
24	WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: It would be on the
25	east side. And I believe she's correct, that probably

resolved a lot of the issues that the neighbors were having 1 2 with the high water at that time. 3 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you. 4 Anyone else that I missed in that section? 5 Otherwise we'll go to the front row. MR. MIKE LONG: Mike Long. I live at 4517 6 7 Bridlewood, right next to Surrey Court. 8 My question is there is usually maintenance done by 9 the Ottawa County, right, that's budgeted for our area? 10 There is not? There is not -- okay. 11 So what I see as the problem, right across the street, three houses, four houses, the first two houses, 12 13 right across the street, they have kids. And I know that the 14 water is so saturated that the kids really can't play in 15 their backyards. 16 And I just wonder if there is any way to try to drain the water just a little bit so the kids can get out 17 18 there and just play more. 19 We live, right in back of us is the bean or 2.0 cornfield, and I do notice a lot of erosion in certain parts 2.1 of the bean field. A lot of the topsoil has been washed 22 away, so I don't know if there is anything to be done about 23 that or not. 24 Our backyard, we have saturation too. And before

we moved there, I think the owners of the house -- we've

lived there about eight years, might have been a sump pump problem, so the basement flooded.

So it hadn't happened to us. We put a safety valve where it's hooked to the water. We're aware of that.

But the big problem is the saturation. Anything that could be done, more cattails, planting, you know, planting cattails all over the place, I think every little bit helps. I appreciate you having this hearing, and I'm open to anything that can help.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you.

11 Yes, sir?

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MR. SCOTT HOCKIN: My name is Scott Hockin. I live at 2330 Bridlewood. We're on the inner circle on the west -- yeah, west side. And we're right -- my backyard, our yard is actually in the red part in Bridlewood, but the open space -- yep, that's where I'm at right there.

Okay. Now, you talked about it being humped up, that circle, common area, okay. On the north side -- well I'll show you more. Because when they dug out the little strip where they dug out the drain at the north end, they just took the dirt out of there and they piled it up and spread it out in the middle of the rest of everything else so it raised it up there.

And I don't know, correct me if I'm wrong, whether it's clay or sand or whatever, if you get too much water in

it it's going to try to run off if it can't go down.

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So why is this engineered -- why was it originally engineered to not runoff towards that drain? It had to have been okayed by somebody for the engineering firms when they went in there and then dug it out for the excavators, what, about six, seven years ago, they dug that out, and just piled the dirt up and made it higher over here.

So if we can get something to drain that direction, it's not draining towards the drain. It's all puddling in our backyards and in the common area.

So, I don't know. Cost, I'm sorry, why wasn't the cost -- we shouldn't have this problem. It should have been engineered correctly in the beginning, and who okayed it?

Why wasn't it done right in the first place? It's not rocket science, I don't think. I mean not that --

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: That's true. Water flows downhill unless you pump it.

MR. SCOTT HOCKIN: We're not going to completely do away with -- clay is going to hold a certain amount. But it will runoff, even if it's saturated, I think. Now I'm no engineer, but I was a locomotive engineering for the railroad, so I'm a real engineer.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you.

Then we'll move over to this side, the lady in

25 | back? Ma'am? Comments? Comment?

Anyone else who has not had an opportunity to speak? If you haven't, and then we'll go to Jerry from the road commission.

Jerry?

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ROAD COMMISSION JERRY OLMAN: Jerry Olman from the road commission. Just a brief comment, as far as the road drainage goes and in the right-of-way, I'm not aware of any issues at all. So that's good from our end, okay.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you.

The gentleman in the back?

MR. MARK VENEMA: My name is Mark Venema. I'm at 2300 Bridlewood. So I'm right in that, where you see the -- I'm on the south end of Bridlewood West, but on that bottom circle. So my backyard, I'm close to Scott right there.

There you go, right there.

So in terms of like looking at the drainage stuff for north, kind of our particular issue is we are the ones that have the little kids that don't play in the backyard because it's really wet. It's just a drainage issue. What it is our backyard is sloped, it hits the common space and the common space slopes up about a foot or two, and then it goes into the drain. So our backyard is not ever going to drain into that drainage area, because there is actually an incline between where our property line ends, the association space begins, and the drain area.

With that said, you know, to correct that middle area, kind of like Scott was saying, it should have just been engineered properly from the beginning. It wasn't, so we all have water. At heavy rain we'll have an inch or two of water back there for a few days. We've not had backup in our house, other people have.

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With that being said, I don't know that I'm necessarily here to say that I'm in favor of a massive project in terms of it would be more the next to Bridlewood South. If there is going to be some massive project to re-engineer that middle green space, I don't know how for it I am if that's going to be a very large price tag. That's kind of it.

If it's going to be an assessment to the people that live on that inner circle of something like, hey, it's your problem, go ahead and fix it.

But for me personally, I could tile into the drainage space and just drain away and spend a couple thousands dollar per drain.

Not everybody has that. That's more of a Bridlewood South conversation. But my issues, even though I live in the north section, are completely related to that green space area which is in the Bridlewood South district. So there is kind of overlap in terms of what we're looking at.

It's an issue. I don't know that I'm necessarily in favor of saying, hey, let's have a massive reworking here that everybody gets assessed, especially people that aren't benefiting from it particularly.

2.0

Buy my heart goes out to the people that are living in the south space that have no option. They have no place to drain their water too. There really needs to be a viable solution for them to be able to drain the water away, that would be helpful for them. And just -- I'm just talking that middle section there, most of the Bridlewood South section, but it does impact us on that kind of half circle, those of us whose backyards go into that area. It impacts all of us because we have very wet backyards.

I'm not in favor of a large price tag that's going to be assessed to everybody. I hope there is a different solution that can be not very expensive that we could just, you know, if it's only assessed to the people that are truly benefiting from it, from that water flow if that will be the issue.

And going back to Scott's point, someone approved this on the front end in terms of the grading, someone approved that these backyards of these houses in this circle, that their backyards are lower than the green space and that the water would not be draining away. That's maybe where lawyers have to be coming into it in terms of going back to

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the developers and saying, and possibly folks in the county
 1
 2
     that approved it, and saying maybe this shouldn't have been
 3
     approved this way in the first place because it shouldn't be
 4
     where things drain to go up hill. That just doesn't work and
 5
     that's what it's setup like.
 6
               So it's a real issue, and I just don't think it's
 7
     appropriate that it be a very large price tag assessed to a
     lot of people, when it's not really anybody's fault. And
 8
9
     some people are able to live with it better than others,
10
     depending on where you're at.
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               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, thank you.
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               Is there anyone now who has not spoken that would
13
     like to make a comment?
14
               Then I would make the motion that public comment be
15
     closed.
16
               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER:
                                             Second that motion.
17
               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Moved and supported
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     that public comment be closed.
19
               All those in favor, say aye.
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               (All replied, "Aye.")
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               BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK:
                                               That is carried.
22
               And then we have some correspondence that we
23
     received.
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               So, Ken, do you want to read those?
25
               BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER:
                                             I'll read them.
                                                              Some
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1	get quite lengthy, but I'll be happy to read them.
2	The first one here is
3	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Do we have to read those
4	into the record, or can we simply enter them into the record
5	with a summary of what you're saying?
6	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I haven't read all the
7	way through it, but there is four pages.
8	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I think if we sit here
9	and read four pages, if you can pass it down so we can look
10	at it, but I don't think we need to read into the record.
11	Is that correct?
12	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: I don't think we
13	need to read. We can summarize the content, indicate who it
14	was received from.
15	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: It's anonymous.
16	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Oh, Mr. Anonymous.
17	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Yes. Mr. Anonymous
18	wrote it.
19	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: No wonder it's four
20	pages.
21	BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: And I mean I'd be
22	happy to read it, but it's going to it's up to you.
23	BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I don't think reading
24	four pages from an anonymous source is something that we
25	should be doing.

Typically, if you don't put your name on it, we 1 2 don't even know if they're a member of the district or 3 anything else. I would not recommend that. 4 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okay, I got a couple 5 others ones that are short. There is a name. 6 The first one is Eric --7 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: I think that's all 8 connected. 9 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Oh, this is all 10 connected. Okay. 11 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: I think the record should indicate that this was not read into the record 12 because it was anonymous, and we're not aware of whether 13 14 Mr. Anonymous lives in the district or not. 15 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okay. I have two 16 other ones, a few other ones here that are short. 17 I have the first one is from Darcy, Bridlewood West, "There seems to be a difference of understanding 18 19 amongst my neighbors in regards to the plan for the new 2.0 drainage system in the center development. I do not live in 2.1 the center, 4543 Bridlewood, and I cannot afford to foot the 22 bill for any repairs done in that area. I strongly oppose an 23 assessment." 24 Then there is one from Todd Will, "Unable to attend

the meeting on July 6th. I oppose any work to be completed

that isn't voted on by the residents of Bridlewood."

Then I have one from Chris Vandenheuvel, "My name is Chris Vandenheuvel and my wife, Karly, and I reside at 4525 Caspian Drive in Bridlewood East. We are unable to attend the meeting tomorrow, but would like to pass our thoughts on drainage issues. For the last several years, our backyard has been so wet and muddy that we hesitate to send our kids back there. We strongly agree that there is a major problem with the drainage in Bridlewood, and we hope our neighbors agree that something needs to be done. We're prepared to bear our share of reasonable assessment, if that means the problem can be resolved."

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. I believe the public comment, and now also the correspondent email, let the record show that I think we -- Marie, are there any other that you're aware of?

Okay.

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BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: The one thing I would say is the anonymous petition or comments are mostly questioning the validity of the petition, and the lack of specificity in the petition.

So if there is any question as to whether it should be read into the record, the record should show that it's questioning the validity of the petition and the specificity of what led to the petition being received.

1 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, good. Thank 2 you. 3 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I have a couple 4 questions of the engineer. 5 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Which one? 6 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: The railroad quy. 7 real engineer. Okay. A lot of times I've seen in subdivisions in 8 9 the past -- and we've been on a lot of these boards here. 10 This development probably started probably around what year? 11 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So 2001 to 2004 most of the 12 phases were developed. So 20 some years. 13 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: And now there has been a lot of construction, there has been a lot of grading, there 14 15 has been a lot of basement digging, there has been a lot of 16 all this other stuff happening. It looks like the 17 subdivision is pretty much developed. It doesn't look like there is a lot of empty lots, at least from my observation of 18 19 it. 2.0 During that period of time in clay soil, when you 2.1 get all this broken up dirt, and you get rains, you get dirt 22 washing down into the ponds. Could part of the pond problem 23 be the fact that a lot of this dirt that is opened during the 24 construction of the houses, could part of the problem of

those ponds be that that dirt settled on those ponds?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So it's an interesting question. Honestly, in general, looking at it now, especially the basin that's been cared for on the north end, different areas, I wouldn't say that sedimentation is the problem here. And maybe I'm wrong, but the basins were functioning when we looked at them, the outlets were flowing, none of them were plugged with sediment.

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Normally when sediment is an issue, that outlet pipe is almost buried, you know what I mean, and there is just that little gap where the water is sucking in.

And in fairness, I guess, when I was out there in February it was under four foot of water, maybe five, so a little bit tougher to see.

But I know when Noah was out there yesterday you could hear the water flowing into the pipe out in the wetland.

So I'm not sure sedimentation is the main issue out here. I think the main issue is saturated clay -- saturated sod on top of hard clay soils.

And to somebody's point about re-grading that center area to drain, I know I'm standing in some of the neighboring parcels around that, I was four, five feet above that basin on a very steady slope, and that water is still saturated. I mean there is plenty of grade on that. There is tons -- I don't know, I would guess it was a three or four

percent slope, maybe higher, steeper.

So I could be standing up here and by the time I hit that wall, I'm at the top of that wall and it's saturated on that whole slope. So those saturated soils are definitely an issue.

Yes, when the ground is frozen, that water will shed right off, but it can sit in that sod. And what that tells me is there is groundwater seeping out of that as well. Or shut off the sprinklers, because the irrigation, if you over irrigate, that will saturate your sod too.

But realistically speaking, we see this in other areas of Ottawa County as well. You can be on a very steep hill, but if there are seams that bleed out that clay hill into the sod, it just saturates it and it turns it into a mess.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: It's tough, isn't it?

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Other

comments?

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BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: The only other comment I was going to make is there was some comments made that they should go back to the developer and/or the county when this was approved to seek legal action that way. I think you're well past the stage of being able to do anything like that.

This now has to be a local problem solved by the

- locals. So it's not something you can go back legally and 1 2 try to resolve and by going back on the developer. 3 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I'm still bugged by 4 this pond, being a raised area in the pond. Is there any way 5 of -- did I get that wrong? 6 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Let me clarify. So the 7 area -- are you thinking that this area is a pond? Because 8 it's not. 9 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okav. 10 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: No, that was just meant to 11 be green space, as I understand it. It's not graded to be a 12 pond. 13 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: It's not graded to be 14 a pond. 15 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Correct, yes. I'm glad that 16 you brought that up. 17 So this, definitely pond, that's meant to be a
- 19 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okay.

pond, storage and everything.

- 20 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: This side is just green
- 21 | space. Now --

- BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Okay.
- ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I might know where you're
- 24 going. It's green space, it's not supposed to be a pond.
- 25 | But as I understand it, when we get into Bridlewood South,

and thank you folks for going a little long on Bridlewood, 1 2 we're getting there, this area stays saturated for a long 3 time. 4 So when I say it's not a pond and not meant to be a 5 pond -- it's probably functioning -- well pond is a little 6 bit too wet. It's saturated soils down here. 7 But in general, this is supposed to, I believe the intent was for that to grade one way or the other, and be an 8 9 open green space, and not a pond. 10 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: So just for 11 clarification now, some of those comments are related to 12 Bridlewood South, which we are not dealing with at the 13 moment. So let's get back to the ones that we are dealing with which are Bridlewood and the district that we're talking 14 15 about. 16 Any other comments that any Board member would 17 have? BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Just a clarification. 18 On the Stable Drive where the outlet is for the Bridlewood 19 2.0 development, are there problems with the outlet, am I 2.1 hearing? Or are there not problems with the outlet? 22 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent question. Bill, 23 you're talking in this area here, where it outlets. 24 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Yes. ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: 25 The open channel has a

little bit of erosion and some woody debris, but as far as open drains go, not really bad. And then the outlet to the pond itself is functioning properly and working just fine.

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BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Okay, thank you.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay, anything else?

The comment that I would make, based on all the comments that we've heard today, and the concerns also that were raised, and some who obviously are not in favor of any project, however, the only way that you would know the dimension or scope of any project would be if this Board of Determination would approve and give the go-ahead. Because then the engineer would be directed to go out there and say,

Now we don't know how big of a project that would be or what the variables would be that would be involved in order to accomplish some of the things that you folks have brought up.

here is some things that we could do.

Or, on the other hand, we could not approve going forward and it would be a year before you could petition again, and hopefully the problems wouldn't get worse.

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Mr. Chair, my comments on this is with Bridlewood, I'm hearing that they did have an issue, that maintenance that was already previously done earlier this year seems to have resolved the majority of those issues, and that we don't have an issue with the outlet

area like we normally do.

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So to me, I think the petition was in good faith, the petition was correct because they were having flooding problems in February, but the maintenance resolved that and so the system seems to be working.

So for Bridlewood at least, my response is that the petition be denied in this case. If in a year, after additional maintenance, they still have something, they can come back.

But it appears, based on public comments, that nobody is having problems except for what occurred previous to the maintenance, the dam being removed that the children or somebody built within the drainage.

BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: I guess I agree with Bill on that basis. I hear nothing but comments that they would rather go through the, just the maintenance item, if they got a small problem, and take care of it on a maintenance basis, rather than go through a full-fledged construction and disrupt everything.

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: So it seems to be sized properly. The maintenance may have been an issue, but that seems to have resolved itself.

BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. Do you want to make that a motion?

BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: If somebody gives me

something I can read off from a sheet because I can't 1 2 remember exactly how to do it. It's been years since we 3 denied a petition. 4 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Well it would simply 5 be to move that the Board of Determination determine that the 6 maintenance and so forth is not necessary. That's all that 7 you would --8 BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Okay. Then I would make 9 a motion that the Bridlewood Drain petition is found to be 10 not necessary. And that's all I have to say at this stage. 11 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Right. That would 12 be sufficient. 13 That motion has been made. Is that supported? 14 BOARD SECRETARY KEN SOUTER: Supported. 15 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Okay. All those in 16 favor, say aye. 17 (All replied, "Aye.") 18 BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Then that is 19 carried. 2.0 And so, with that, I'd like to turn it over to Joe 2.1 because he has information, I don't know what you can say 22 about appeal, but you are free to do so. 23 WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: If anybody wanted 24 to appeal today's decision based on what the Board of 25 Determination has made a motion and supported, you can do

1	that through you have 10 days from today to go through
2	circuit court to appeal today's decision, if anybody wanted
3	to do that.
4	And I do appreciate everybody's time. Sorry we
5	went over. We'll get to the other one quickly, which is
6	right next door, but I want to make sure everyone was heard
7	and we had time for testimony and questions.
8	Thanks for your time again.
9	BOARD CHAIR RICH VANDER KLOK: Then I declare that
10	our meeting is adjourned. Thank you all for coming.
11	(Board of Determination - Bridlewood Drain -
12	adjourned)
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1	CERTIFICATION OF COURT REPORTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC
2	
3	
4	STATE OF MICHIGAN)
5) SS
6	COUNTY OF OTTAWA)
7	
8	I certify that this transcript, consisting of 74
9	pages, is a complete, true, and correct record of the Board
10	of Determination of Bridlewood Drain tape transcription, held
11	on July 6, 2022.
12	
13	
14	DATE: July 15, 2022
15	Mayoue Cours
16	
17	MARJORIE A. COVEY, RPR Michigan License CSR-2616
18	Washington License 20109173 Oregon License 20-0468
19	Illinois License 084-004911
20	Notary Public Expires: October 14, 2027, Ottawa
21	County, Michigan/Acting in the State of Michigan
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