

CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR GREAT LAKES AND HUMAN HEALTH

Research in the Grand River

Sonia Joseph Michigan Sea Grant NOAA Center of Excellence for Great Lakes and Human Health

NOAA Center of Excellence for Great Lakes and Human Health

 Develop forecasting tools to minimize risk to human health in coastal environments
Identify sources and causes



> Water Quality
> Beach closures
> Harmful Algal Blooms



- GLERL acts as lead of the Center
- Michigan State University,
- > EPA Chicago,
- > EPA Athens,
- > USGS,
- Florida Institute of Oceanography,
- NOAA NOS Beaufort Laboratory,
- > University of Michigan,
- > NOAA NOS Silver Springs,
- > Michigan Sea Grant
- Great Lakes Human Health Network

















PARTNERS



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Beach Forecasting Research

- Influence of winds and waves on fate and transport of pollutants
- Grand River: largest tributary of Lk Michigan
 - Study Location- Grand Haven area, Michigan
- > Agricultural and urban loadings
- > Recreational river
- Beaches along shoreline



Grand River

Goal and Objective

Our overall goal is to help build better forecasting tools to warn the public of potential health risks from contact with recreational waters in the coastal regions of the Great Lakes.

• The objective of this experiment was to map the temporal behavior of the Grand River as it interacts with the coastal circulation of Lake Michigan using several different methods.

Methods

- Current meter moorings
- Satellite-reporting surface drifting buoys
- Hydrodynamic numerical modeling
- Aerial imagery
- Mapping T & C fields with towed Vfin
- Tracer studies

Tracer studies

Sulphur Hexafluoride (SF₆)

Benefits:

• Wide range of detection: 10⁵

Cheap

Negatives:

 Complicated measurement procedure, i.e., extracting dissolved gas from H₂O – pumping into gas chromatograph equipped with an electron capture detector.

Greenhouse gas

Nearshore nested grid from POM

Mooring locations for '06 and '07

Grand River

SF₆ release site

GHS10

GHN10

GHN1

Grand Haver

Gran

Waver





Mean drifter speeds were 18 cm/s and were longshore directed.





August 2006 Grand Haven Tracer Experiment



Grand Haven Field Study

- > Rhodamine Dye study
- > ADCP to track the dye concentrations at various depths
 - to better understand the movement of the plume.



Aerial view of Grand River Plume. Photo by M. Beaver



Dyed Grand River. Photo by M. McCormick, GLERL



Grand Haven Nowcast and Forecast

http://www.glerl.noaa.gov/res/glcfs/gh/

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Aerial Photos vs. Model Simulation



June 6, 2007 AM

June 6, 2007 PM